Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the threemonth period ended March 31, 2007, presented in comparative form

TRANSPORTADORA DE GAS DEL NORTE S.A. Index to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

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In accordance with the terms of General Resolution 368/01 and its modifications issued by the National Securities Commission (CNV), we detail below an analysis of the results of the operations of Transportadora de Gas del Norte S.A.⁽¹⁾ ("TGN" or "the Company") and its financial situation, which should be read together with the attached financial statements.

I) ANALYSIS OF RESULTS AND FINANCIAL SITUATION

* Net result for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007

	(in millions of pesos)			
	Three-month period ended 03.31.			
			Variation	
_	2007	2006	\$	
Net Revenues				
Gas transportation service	118.8	117.9	0.9	
Allowances for disputed amounts	-	0.3	(0.3)	
Discount as per Decrees No 292/1520/814	(0.3)	(0.3)	-	
Subtotal Gas transportation service	118.5	117.9	0.6	
Gas Pipeline O&M services	4.3	4.0	0.3	
Management fees - Gas Trust Program	3.6	-	3.6	
Subtotal Gas pipeline operation and maintenance				
service and other services	7.9	4.0	3.9	
Net Revenues	126.4	121.9	4.5	
Cost of services				
Operating and maintenance costs	(29.2)	(22.0)	(7.0)	
Fixed assets depreciation	(28.7)	(27.8)	(0.9)	
Subtotal	(57.9)	(50.0)	(7.9)	
Gross Profit	68.5	71.9	(3.4)	
Administrative and selling expenses	(20.9)	(17.2)	(3.7)	
Operating Income	47.6	54.7	(7.1)	
Gain from equity investments, net	0.6	0.1	0.5	
Financial and holding results	(41.7)	(74.5)	32.8	
Gain on debt restructuring	-	0.5	(0.5)	
Other income (expense), net	0.7	(0.8)	1.5	
Net income (loss) before income tax	7.2	(20.0)	27.2	
Income Tax	(8.7)	2.0	(10.7)	
Net loss for the period	(1.5)	(18.0)	16.5	
Income before financial and holding results, gain on debt restructuring, depreciation, amortization				
and income tax.	78.0	82.2	(4.2)	

(1) Company not encompassed by the Optional Statutory System of Public Offering for Mandatory Purchase

I) ANALYSIS OF RESULTS AND FINANCIAL SITUATION (Cont.)

	(in millions of	(in millions of pesos)		
	03.31.07			
Total Assets (in million of \$)	2,681	2,648		
Total Liabilities (in million of \$)	1,405	1,370		
Shareholders' Equity (in million of \$)	1,276	1,278		
Shareholders' Equity / Total Liabilities	0.91	0.93		

The net result for the three month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 was a $\$ 1.5 million and a $\$ 18.0 million loss, respectively.

The following paragraphs describe the reasons for the main variations in TGN results and some economic-financial indexes will be disclosed in connection to the Company's equity.

* Net Revenues

The following table summarizes the Company's net revenues by type of service for the first quarter of 2007, compared to the first quarter of 2006

	(in millions of pesos)				
	Three-month period ended 03.31.				
Type of service	2007	8	2006	ઝ	
Gas transportation	118.5	93.8	117.9	96.7	
Gas Pipeline O&M services	7.9	6.2	4.0	3.3	
Total net Revenues	126.4	100.0	121.9	100.0	

- Gas Transportation services

The revenues corresponding to the gas transportation service in the three month period ended March 31, 2007 amounted to \$118.5 million, which in comparison with the \$117.9 million for the same period of the year 2006, show a net increase of \$0.6 million. The most significant variations are the following:

- i. An increase of \$ 1.4 million in revenues of firm transportation due to the expansion of the Northern Gas Pipeline transport capacity by 1.8 MMm3/d (Note 14 to the Company's financial statements);
- ii. An increase of \$ 0.6 million derived from the increase in the exchange rates used to post the US dollar invoicing;
- *iii.* A decrease in exports of \$ 1.7 million as a result of the reduced rates calculated based on the PPI applicable for the period.

At March 31, 2007, the contracted capacity of TGN's transport system was 54.4 MMm3/d. (including 1.8 MMm3/d of the 2005 Gas Trust). Out of that total, 40 MMm3/d (73.5%) meet the demand for natural gas by Argentine users, and 14.4 MMm3/d (26.5%) are destined to consumptions in Chile, Uruguay and Brazil.

- Pipeline O&M Services and Management Fees - Gas Trust Program

Sales for the period corresponding to the gas pipeline operation and maintenance and job management services amounted to \$ 7.9 million. In the same period of 2006 sales had amounted to \$ 4.0 million. The net increase of \$ 3.9 million is due principally to an increase of \$ 3.6 million generated by the 2006-2008 trust expansion work management service (Note 14 to the financial statements of the Company)

I) ANALYSIS OF RESULTS AND FINANCIAL SITUATION (Cont.)

* Costs of services

	(in millions of pesos)			
	Three-month	ed 03.31.		
	2007	2006	Variation \$	
Fees for professional services	0.4	0.4	-	
Salaries, wages and other personnel benefits and				
social security contributions	8.8	7.9	0.9	
Fees for technical operator services	3.8	2.4	1.4	
Foreign staff residence	0.4	0.4	-	
Consumption of Spare parts and materials	2.7	2.2	0.5	
Gas imbalance	0.4	0.1	0.3	
Maintenance and repair of fixed assets and third party services and supplies	6.8	5.0	1.8	
Communications, freight and transportation, travel expenses	1.1	1.1	_	
Insurance	1.5	1.3	0.2	
Rentals and office supplies	0.4	0.4	-	
Easements	1.4	1.3	0.1	
Taxes, rates and contributions	0.1	_	0.1	
Fixed assets depreciation	28.7	27.8	0.9	
Slow-moving and obsolescence of spare parts and				
materials	1.3	(0.6)	1.9	
Others	0.1	0.3	(0.2)	
Total	57.9	50.0	7.9	
<pre>% of Costs of services on net revenues</pre>	45.8%	41.0%		

Costs of services for the three month period ended March 31, 2007 amounted to 57.9 million in comparison with 50.0 million recorded in the same period of the year 2006. The main reasons for the net increase of 7.9 million were the following:

- i. \$ 1.9 million corresponding to the increase in slow-moving and obsolete spare parts and materials for consumption because of the allowance recorded in view of the variation in the allowance for materials items that are not used in the minimum quantities required for regular maintenance;
- ii. \$ 1.8 million of higher costs, net of Maintenance and repair of fixed assets and services and supply to third parties, of which \$ 1.3 million correspond to 2006-2008 expansion related activities (as described in Note 14 to the financial statements), such as environmental impact studies, line reviews and basic engineering of the modifications to the transportation system, and the remaining \$ 0.5 million correspond to other regular programmed maintenance activities, such as replacement and repair of tubing, adaptation of cathodic protection and river crossings works.
- iii. \$ 1.4 million of higher costs of Fees for advice to the technical operator and technical audit services corresponding to the remuneration foreseen in the Technical Assistance and Audit Area Assistance Contract. In the first quarter of 2006 there was a limitation on the accrual of this remuneration because at that date the Company had not yet restructured its debt;
- iv. A net increase of \$ 0.9 million in salaries, wages and other personnel benefits and social security contributions as a result of pay increases granted by the Company in 2006.
- v. A decrease of \$0.5 million in Consumption of spare parts and materials, related to the activities described in paragraph (i) above.

I) ANALYSIS OF RESULTS AND FINANCIAL SITUATION (Cont.)

* Administrative and Selling expenses

	(in millions of pesos)				
	Three-month	Three-month period ended 03.31.			
	2007	2006	Variation \$		
Salaries, wages and other personnel benefits and					
social security contributions	4.4	3.7	0.7		
Fixed assets depreciation	0.4	0.4	-		
Fees for professional services	0.7	0.8	(0.1)		
Taxes, rates and contributions	6.2	4.8	1.4		
Communications, freight and transportation, travel					
expenses	0.2	0.2	-		
Maintenance and repair of fixed assets and third					
party services and supplies	0.4	0.7	(0.3)		
Rentals and office supplies	0.2	-	0.2		
Doubtfull accounts	4.2	0.9	3.3		
Lawsuits	3.3	5.2	(1.9)		
Director and the Committee of Syndics' Fees	0.6	0.3	0.3		
Others	0.3	0.2	0.1		
Total	20.9	17.2	3.7		
% of Administrative and Selling expenses on net					
revenues	16.6%	14.1%			

Administrative and selling expenses for the three month period ended March 31, 2007 amounted \$20.9 million in comparison with \$17.2 million recorded in the same period of the previous year. The main reasons for the net increase of \$3.7 million were the following:

- i. An increase of \$ 3.3 million in allowance for doubtful accounts due to changes in the allowance for credits in litigation and / or old credits whose collectibility is considered doubtful;
- ii. A \$ 1.4 million increase in Taxes, rates and contributions due to the increase in the verification and control rate accrued in favor of the ENARGAS and to the higher levels of turnover taxes associated with higher sales;
- iii. An increase of \$ 0.7 million in salaries, wages and other personnel benefits and social security contributions as a result of pay increases granted by the Company in 2006.
- iv. An increase of \$ 1.9 million in lawsuits due mainly to the charges in the provision for contingencies according to the estimates of the resolution of the claims facing explained in Note 12 to the Company's financial statements;

I) ANALYSIS OF RESULTS AND FINANCIAL SITUATION (Cont.)

* Financial and Holding Results

	(in millions of pesos)			
	Three-month period ended 03.31			
	2007	2006	Variation \$	
Interests and indexing generated by liabilities Bank commissions, expenses and taxes on banking and	(25.5)	(51.1)	25.6	
financial operations. Income of discount of certain liabilities at present	(1.2)	(1.8)	0.6	
value	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	
Fees for guarantee of loan agreements	-	(0.8)	0.8	
Subtotal financial result generated by liabilities				
before exchange differences	(26.8)	(53.7)	26.9	
Interests, indexing and expenses generated by assets	1.2	5.5	(4.3)	
Holding results generated by assets	(0.6)	0.8	(1.4)	
Loss of discount of non-current assets at present				
value	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	
Subtotal financial result generated by assets before				
exchange differences	0.5	6.3	(5.8)	
Exchange rate differences:				
Generated by liabilities	(15.3)	(34.3)	19.0	
Generated by assets	(0.1)	7.2	(7.3)	
Subtotal exchange differences	(15.4)	(27.1)	11.7	
Total	(41.7)	(74.5)	32.8	

Financial and holding losses amounted to \$41.7 million in the first quarter of 2007 in comparison with \$74.5 million recorded in the same period of the previous year. The most important reasons for the variations in financial and holding results are the following:

- i. In the first quarter of 2007 a \$ 15.3 million loses were recorded for Exchange rate differences generated by liabilities as result of the increase in the exchange rate of 1.2% (US\$ = 1, \$ 3.100 at March 31, 2007 and US\$ = 1, \$ 3.062 at March 31, 2006) applied to the liability balances stated in that currency.
- ii. The Interest and index-adjustments derived from liabilities account showed a significant decrease in the first quarter of 2007 compared to the first quarter of 2006, totaling \$ 25.5 million and \$ 51.1 million, respectively, which is directly related to the terms and conditions of the new debt restructured by the Company in late September 2006.
- iii. The Fees for loan guarantee account did not record charges in 2007, while in the first quarter of 2006 it accrued \$ 0.8 million because those fees were valid until the restructuring of the Company's financial debt;
- iv. The Interest, index adjustments and expenses derived from assets account showed a net decrease of \$ 4.3 million because of the variations in short-term investments of excess cash and banks.

I) ANALYSIS OF RESULTS AND FINANCIAL SITUATION (Cont.)

* Summary of the Statement of Cash Flows

	(in m	illions of pesos)	
	Three-month period ended 03.31.		
	2007	2006	
Net loss for the period	(1.5)	(18.0)	
Adjustments to arrive to cash net flow arising from			
operating activities	86.7	102.7	
Subtotal	85.2	84.7	
Net changes in assets and liabilities	21.0	(41.9)	
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	106.2	42.8	
Purchase of fixed assets	(16.6)	(5.4)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing	(16.6)	(5.4)	
Payment of debt		(1.3)	
Interest paid	(21.8)	(0.6)	
Net decrease in customer advances	(21.0)	(0.8)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(21.8)	(2.7)	
Financial and holding result generated by cash and			
cash equivalents	0.2	12.5	
Net increase in cash	68.0	47.2	
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of year	39.2	473.0	
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of the period	107.2	520.2	
cash and cash equivarents as of end of the period	107.2	520.2	

	(in	millions of pesos)
	As of 03	.31.
	2007	2006
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and banks	7.5	3.2
Mutual funds in foreign currency	60.4	340.1
Time deposits in foreign financial institutions	-	135.0
Mutual funds in \$	34.5	35.4
Stock exchange securities in \$ and others	4.8	6.5
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of the period	107.2	520.2

II) BUSINESS PROSPECTS

- i. At the date of issue of these Financial Statements, no significant progress has been made in the renegotiation of the lincence that would make it possible to consider that an agreement will be signed in the short term. In addition, there is nothing to guarantee that the eventual outcome of the renegotiation will effectively re-establish the equilibrium of the License and provide TGN with fair compensation for the losses suffered as a consequence of the Emergency Law. Despite the lack of results in the process embarked on by UNIREN, the Company has promoted this process whenever possible.
- ii. In addition, there have been no major developments in the treatment by the legislative branch of the bill on the National Regime for Public Utilities that had been submitted to Congress by the Government in August 2004. This bill modifies and repeals the relevant provisions of the Gas Act and represents an uncertainty factor that could affect the Company, although it is still premature to evaluate the impact it might have on the Company if passed.

II) BUSINESS PROSPECTS (Cont.)

- iii. Additionally, in April 2004, the National Executive Branch established the creation of the Gas Electronic Market ("MEG") with a view to improving assignment efficiency in the gas industry. Consequently, the spot sales of natural gas and the remaining transport capacity are to be made through this market. Effective May 2005 the MEG started to administer the resale of capacity and services provided by gas distributors. Until March 31, 2007 no effects have been produced on the revenues from sales recognized by TGN. The Company considers that the start-up of the MEG will have an adverse effect on income relating to the transported gas sold on that market which is translated into lower revenues for approximately \$ 12 million per annum.
- iv. Since the enactment of Decree No. 180/04 and Resolution No. 185/04 issued by the MPFIPyS, at the request of the Energy Secretariat, in September 2005 TGN called a Public Bid for the expansion of the capacity of the Northern Gas Pipeline System. As a result of this call for public bid, 15.2 MMm3/d were awarded for the expansion of the capacity of the Northern Gas Pipeline System operated by TGN. The works will be performed under the trust regime established by MPFIPyS Resolution No. 185/04 (Note 14 to the Company's financial statements).

III) DESTINATION OF THE RESULTS OF FINANCIAL YEAR 2006

The Shareholders' Meeting held on April 10, 2007 resolved the destination of the results of the financial year ended December 31, 2006 approving:

- i. Absorbing accumulated losses for thousands of \$ 177,869 at the beginning of fiscal 2006;
- ii. Setting up a legal reserve for thousands of \$ 1,869 (equivalent to 5% of the remaining result for the year after the absorption of accumulated losses mentioned earlier), as envisaged by Law No. 19550; and
- *iii.* Setting up a discretionary reserve for future dividends for thousands of \$ 35,508.

In addition to the proposal made by the Board of Directors, the Meeting of Shareholders decided to increase the legal reserve by thousands of \$ 6,160 using 5% of the results for thousands of \$ 123,197 produced by the capitalization of loans (as shown on the statement of changes in shareholders' equity) and allocated a difference of thousands of \$ 117,037 to the discretionary reserve for future dividends.

IV) COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET STRUCTURE AT MARCH 31, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003

-	(in millions of pesos)				
	As of 12.31.				
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Current Assets	221	630	445	352	254
Non-current Assets	2,460	2,521	2,500	2,512	2,597
Total	2,681	3,151	2,945	2,864	2,851
Current Liabilities	215	1,599	1,263	1,076	735
Non-current liabilities	1,190	718	776	838	1,131
Subtotal	1,405	2,317	2,039	1,914	1,866
Shareholders' Equity	1,276	834	906	950	985
Total	2,681	3,151	2,945	2,864	2,851

V) COMPARATIVE STRUCTURE OF INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003

	(in millions of pesos)				
	Three-month period ended 03.31.				
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Ordinary operating income	47.6	54.7	41.3	45.9	46.7
Financial and holding results	(41.7)	(74.5)	(14.6)	(8.5)	(44.5)
Foreign exchange differences capitalized in fixed assets - written					
off	-	-	-	-	(277.9)
Gain on debt restructuring	-	0.5	-	-	-
Gain from equity investments	0.6	0.1	-	0.3	-
Other (expenses) income net	0.7	(0.8)	(3.6)	(0.2)	(0.9)
Net result before tax	7.2	(20.0)	23.1	37.5	(276.6)
Income Tax	(8.7)	2.0	(14.3)	(15.3)	96.8
Net results of the period	(1.5)	(18.0)	8.8	22.2	(179.8)

VI) COMPARATIVE STATISTICAL DATA CORRESPONDING TO THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003

Volume invoiced in millions of cubic meters:

	Accord	ding to the	type of c	arrying a	greement
	Three-month period ended 03.31.				
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Firm transportation	3,818	4,155	3,840	3,959	3,390
Interruptible transportation and exchange and shifting	701	523	555	498	101
Total	4,519	4,678	4,395	4,457	3,491

According to the type of source

	Three-month period ended 03.31.					
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	
Norte Gas pipeline	1,834	1,906	1,758	1,649	1,613	
Centro-Oeste Gas pipeline	2,685	2,772	2,637	2,808	1,878	
Total	4,519	4,678	4,395	4,457	3,491	

VII) COMPARATIVE INDICATORS AT MARCH 31, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003

	Three-month period ended 03.31.					
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	
Current liquidity (1)	1.03	0.39	0.35	0.33	0.35	
Solvency (2)	0.91	0.36	0.44	0.50	0.53	
Freezing Capital (3)	0.92	0.80	0.85	0.88	0.91	

(1) Current assets over current liabilities

(2) Shareholders' Equity over total liabilities

(3) Non-current assets over total assets

VII) COMPARATIVE INDICATORS AT DECEMBER 31, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003 and 2002 (Cont.)

The March 31, 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003 figures that are disclosed for comparative purposes arise from summary of information of financial statements at those dates and include the impact of prior year adjustment described in Note 2.c) to the company financial statements.

Autonomous City of Buenos Aires, May 8, 2007

The Board of Directors Diego Garzón Duarte

The Report of Independent Auditors dated May 8, 2007 is issued as a separate document.

Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2007

compared whit the year ended on December 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

		March 31, 2007		December 31, 2006
ASSETS	-		-	
Current Assets				
Cash and banks	\$	7,496	\$	24,667
Short-term investments (Note 16.c)		101,306		16,905
Accounts receivable, net (Note 4.a)		59 , 976		73 , 593
Other receivables, net (Note 4.b)		42,271		43,582
Materials and spare parts, net (Note 4.c)		10,145		10,145
Total Current Assets	-	221,194	_	168,892
Non-current Assets	-		-	
Other receivables (Note 4.b)		155,270		160,155
Materials and spare parts, net (Note 4.c)		33,473		35,536
Fixed Assets, net (Note 16.a)		2,243,659		2,257,148
Investments (Note 16.b)		6,746		6,181
Other assets		20,705		20,486
Total Non-Current Assets	-	2,459,853	_	2,479,506
Total Assets	-	2,681,047	=	2,648,398
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable (Note 4.d)		24,034		21,631
Debt (Note 10.b)		94,087		93,154
Salaries and social security payable		8,850		7,436
Taxes payable (Note 4.e)		7,776		886
Customer advances		151		149
Others (Note 4.f)		10,395		7,095
Subtotal	-	145,293		130,351
Contingencies (Note 12 and 16.d)	-	69,930	_	65,408
Total Current Liabilities	-	215,223	-	195,759
Non-Current Liabilities	-		_	
Debt (Note 10.b)		1,154,729		1,138,606
Others (Note 4.f)		8,436		8,436
Subtotal	-	1,163,165	_	1,147,042
Contingencies (Note 12 and 16.d)	-	26,412	_	27,803
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	1,189,577	-	1,174,845
Total Liabilities	-	1,404,800	-	1,370,604
Shareholder's Equity	-	1,276,247	-	1,277,794

Statements of Operations for the three-months period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2007	Ma	rch 31, 2006
Net revenues (Note 4.g)	\$ 126,453	\$	121,936
Cost of services (Note 16.f)	(57 , 877)		(49,996)
Gross Profit	68,576		71,940
Selling expenses (Note 16.f)	(8,805)		(4,926)
Administrative expenses (Note 16.f)	(12,125)		(12,266)
Operating income	47,646		54,748
Gain from equity investments, net	565		124
Financial and holding results, net			
Generated by assets:			
Interest and indexing	1,178		5,534
Exchange rate differences	(97)		7,209
Others (Note 4.h)	(702)		818
Subtotal	379		13,561
Generated by liabilities:			
Interest and indexing	(25,472)		(51,142)
Exchange rate differences	(15,257)		(34,282)
Others (Note 4.h)	(1,373)		(2,598)
Subtotal	(42,102)		(88,022)
Gain on debt restructuring (Note 10)	-		441
Other expense, net (Note 4.i)	671		(817)
Icome before income tax	7,159		(19,965)
Income tax charge (Note 7)	(8,706)		2,014
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (1,547)	\$	(17,951)
Income (Loss) per share in pesos (Note 6)	(0.0035)		(0.0511)

Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

_	Shar	eholders' contribu	utions			Retained	Total
_	Common stock	Inflation adjustment of common stock	Total	Legal reserve	Voluntary reserve	earnings (accumulated deficit)	shareholders' equity
Balances as of December 31, 2005	351,499	506,053	857 , 552	46,205	125 , 588	(177,869)	851,476
Loss for the period	-	_	_	_	-	(17,951)	(17,951)
Balances as of March 31, 2006	351,499	506,053	857 , 552	46,205	125 , 588	(195,820)	833,525
Issuance of new shares for capitalized debt (Note 10)	87 , 875	-	87,875	-	-	123,197	211,072
Complementary loss for the nine-month period up to December 31, 2005	-	-	-	-	-	233,197	233,197
Balances as of December 31, 2006	439,374	506,053	945,427	46,205	125,588	160,574	1,277,794
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(1,547)	(1,547)
Balances as of March 31, 2007	439,374	506,053	945,427	46,205	125,588	159 , 027	1,276,247

Statements of Cash Flowsfor the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of year	\$ 39,191 \$	472,989
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of the period (Note 4.j)	107,175	520,166
Net (decrease) increase in cash Cash flows from operating activities	67,984	47,177
Income (loss) for the period	(1,547)	(17,951)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (net loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	(-,,)	(_ : , ,
Income tax	8,706	(2,014)
Depreciation of fixed assets	29,090	28,148
Net book value of fixed assets written off	1,032	405
Increases in allowances and provisions, net	8,780	5,132
Financial and holding results, net	25,472	51,142
Gain on debt restructuring	-	(441)
Other financial and holding gains/losses	14,169	20,430
Gain on equity investments	(565)	(124)
Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of non-cash transactions:		
Increase in accounts receivable	9,890	1,922
Decrease (increase) in other receivables	(3,094)	(15,476)
Increase in materials and spare parts and other assets	298	(773)
Decrease in accounts payable	2,403	(24,357)
Increase in salaries and social security payable	1,414	(1,792)
Increase in taxes payable	6,890	(1,304)
Increase (decrease) in other payables	3,300	1,132
Decrease in contingencies	(50)	(1,322)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	106,188	42,757
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	(16,633)	(5,383)
Dividends received	-	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(16,633)	(5,383)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payment of debt	-	(1,285)
Interest paid	(21,804)	(607)
Attachments on debt		-
Decrease in customer advances	2	(807)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(21,802)	(2,699)
Financial and holding result generated by cash		
Interests, exchange rate differences and other results generated by cash and cash equivalents	231	12,502
Total financial and holding result generated by cash.	231	12,502
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents.	\$ 67,984 \$	47,177

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

1. The Company and its operations

(a) Formation of the Company

Transportadora de Gas del Norte S.A. ("the Company" or "TGN") was organized on November 24, 1992 as a result of the enactment of Laws Nos. 23696 and 24076 ("Law on Gas") and the issuance of National Executive Branch ("PEN'') Decree No. 1189/92, whereby the privatization of the natural gas transportation and distribution services and the setting up of the companies that would receive the licenses to operate those services were established.

The Company was granted a license (the "License") pursuant to which TGN is authorized to provide the public service of gas transportation through the exclusive utilization of two former GdE pipelines in the northern and centralwestern regions of Argentina.

(b) Argentine economic context and its impact on the Company's economic and financial position

In view of the major changes in the main macroeconomic variables Argentina has recorded since the end of 2001, as from January 2002 the National Government issued laws, executive orders and regulations that involved a profound change to the then prevailing economic model, which had the following material effects on the Company:

(i) Law No. 25561 on public Emergency and Exchange System Reform established the pesification of the rates of transportation of natural gas destined for the domestic market at the exchange rate of \$ 1 = US\$ 1, its determination in pesos at the effective date of that law and the repeal of the semi-annual adjustment mechanism based on the Producer Price Index ("PPI"). Furthermore, this law authorized the National Executive Branch to renegotiate the public works and services contracts and rates.

Note 1.c) details the issues relating to the rates, the License and the implications of the amendments introduced by that law within the Company's regulatory framework.

- (ii) As from 2004 the Argentine Government adopted a series of measures to redistribute in the short term the effects of the energy sector crisis derived from a natural gas and electricity shortage. The Energy Secretariat, the Fuel Undersecretariat and the ENARGAS have issued a number of rules establishing precautionary measures to prevent a shortfall in domestic natural gas supply and its effects on the wholesale electricity supply, including the suspension of exports of natural gas excesses that are useful for domestic supply, the preparation of a schedule of interruptions to the volumes of gas for export and generation of electricity for export. The creation of a trust fund was established to finance investments in the expansion of the capacity of the natural gas transport and distribution systems. TGN cannot assure that these government measures will not produce adverse effects on its firm transportation contracts for export.
- (iii) Additionally, in April 2004, the National Executive Branch established the creation of the Gas Electronic Market ("MEG") with a view to improving assignment efficiency in the gas industry. Consequently, the spot sales of natural gas and the remaining transport capacity are to be made through this market. Effective May 2005 the MEG started to administer the resale of capacity and services provided by gas distributors.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

1. The Company and its operations (Continued)

(b) Argentine economic context and its impact on the Company's economic and financial position (Continued)

Until March 31, 2007 no effects have been produced on the revenues from sales recognized by TGN. The Company believes that the MEG will adversely affect its revenues related to transported gas marketed through the MEG, which amount approximately \$ 12 million per annum.

(iv) The change in the economic environment and the legal and regulatory conditions in which the Company is currently operating and the current status of the renegotiation of the License, give rise to uncertainty as to the future net cash that will enable it to recover non-current assets.

The impact generated by all the measures adopted so far by the National Government on the balance sheet and financial position of the Company at March 31, 2007 was calculated on the basis of evaluations and estimates made by the Company's Board of Directors at the date its financial statements were prepared.

The future development of the economic crisis might require that the Government modify some measures adopted or issue additional regulations. However, it is important to remark that actual future results could differ from the evaluations and estimates made at the date preparing these financial statements and these differences could be significant.

(c) Regulatory framework

General

The Law on Gas and its regulations, together with the License, the Transfer Agreement, the Bidding Terms and Conditions for the privatization of Gas del Estado S.E. ('GdE'') and the resolutions adopted by the National Gas Regulatory Entity ("ENARGAS") establish the legal framework within which the Company carries out its business activities.

The License was granted for an original term of 35 years, with an initial expiration date of December 28, 2027. However, the Natural Gas Act and the License provide that TGN may apply to ENARGAS for a renewal of the License for an additional ten-year term. ENARGAS is required at that time to evaluate the Company's performance and make a recommendation to the Executive Branch of the Argentine Government.

Regulation of transportation rates

The regulatory regime applicable to gas transportation companies is established under the Natural Gas Act and the License. Rates are regulated by ENARGAS. The Law on Gas establishes that rates must cover reasonable operating costs, taxes and amortization charges, enable obtaining reasonable profit margins similar to those derived from other comparable or equivalent risky activities and must be related to the degree of efficiency in the providing of the services.

In accordance with the original conditions of the License, rates were subject to the following until expiration thereof:

- Adjustments for the five-yearly review of rates by the ENARGAS, which affect as far as possible the "X" efficiency factor and "K" investment factor, where "X" reduces the rate as a counterpart for increased efficiency and "K" increases rates to encourage unprofitable investments;
- (ii) Non-recurring adjustments to reflect the variations in the costs resulting from changes in tax regulations (except in the case of variations in income tax), and

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

1. The Company and its operations (Continued)

(c) Regulatory framework (Continued)

Regulation of transportation rates (Continued)

(iii) Unplanned adjustments for other objective and justifiable reasons at the discretion of the ENARGAS.

With regard to the rate setting mechanism, Law N 25561 on Public Emergency established the pesification of the rates of transportation of natural gas destined for the domestic market at the exchange rate of \$1 = US\$1, its determination in pesos at the effective date of that law and the repeal of the semi-annual adjustment mechanism based on the PPI. Furthermore, the second five-yearly rate review process being carried out in 2001 and expected to be completed with the implementation of the new rate schedules for the 2003-2007 period has been suspended.

Renegotiation of public service agreements

Under the provisions of Law 25,561, the Argentine Government is entitled to renegotiate the terms of the licenses granted for the provision of public services based on the following criteria:

- The impact of the rates on the competitiveness of the economy and the distribution of people's income;
- The quality of the services and the investment plans, as contractually agreed;
- The customers' interests and accessibility to the services;
- The safety of the systems; and
- The profitability of the companies.

At present, the Unit for the Renegotiation and Analysis of Public Utility Services Contracts ("UNIREN'') is responsible for the renegotiation process. This Unit was created in July 2003 within the jurisdiction of the Ministries of Economy and Production ("MEP'') and Federal Planning, Public Investment and Services ("MPFIPyS'') and its mission consists in providing advice and assisting in the process for the renegotiation of public utility services contracts established by Law No. 25561.

In August 2004, the Argentine Government submitted a draft of the Public Utilities Regime Bill (the "Public Utilities Bill") to the House of Representatives for approval. The Public Utilities Bill is characterized by the discretional powers retained by the Argentine Government; it modifies basic aspects of the Natural Gas Act and restricts the business decision-making capacity of service providers under the current regulatory framework. It also establishes that in the event of irreconcilable inconsistencies between the Public Utilities Bill and any preexisting regulatory frameworks, the former prevails over the latter.

In addition, Law No. 25790 dated October 2003 established that the decisions to be made by the PEN throughout the renegotiation process would not be limited to or conditioned by the stipulations contained in the regulatory frameworks for the concession or license contracts involving the respective public utility services.

No significant developments have occurred to date in connection with the renegotiation process so the Company cannot anticipate the future development of the process, how long it will take, or its final outcome. In fact, the term for the renegotiation of the public utility services contracts has been extended successively. The deadline for this renegotiation, was further extended to December 31, 2007 (Law 26,204).

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

1. The Company and its operations (Continued)

(c) Regulatory framework (Continued)

Renegotiation of public service agreements (Continued)

As from March 2005 various public hearings were called to deal with the adaptation proposals formulated by the UNIREN or the preliminary agreements reached between the companies and the UNIREN, as the case may be. The hearing attended by TGN was held on May 18, 2005, at which only a unilateral proposal that had been formulated by the UNIREN in July 2004 and that TGN considers unsatisfactory was analyzed. So far, the Company has not been able to negotiate or reach any agreement with the UNIREN considered reasonable for TGN.

Technical assistance agreement

Within its regulatory framework, TGN receives Auditing Area Assistance and technical assistance from its shareholders and their related companies. Such financial assistance covers issues relating to system performance, security, environment, preventive maintenance, in-house procedures, training, information technology systems and compliance with certain international standards governing the gas transportation industry.

The contract for Auditing Area and Technical Assistance currently in force, with the latest amendment made in February 2006, will expire on December 17, 2017. In consideration for the services under the contract, an annual compensation is envisaged, which shall be the higher of (i) US\$ 3,000,000 or (ii) 7% of EBITDA for each year.

There are certain restrictions and limitations on payments of the technical assistance fee (TAF), as explained in Note 10.

2. Preparation of financial statements

(a) Purpose of these financial statements

The financial statements have been translated from the original Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2007 including the summary of information required by General Resolution N° 368/01 prepared in Spanish originally issued in Argentina. The translation into English has been made solely for the convenience of English - speaking readers, and certain notes have been rephrased to facilitate the understanding of legislation and the local economic environment. The additional information to the notes to the financial statements required by section 68 of the Buenos Aires Stock Exchange Regulations for local purpose has not been included.

(b) Basis of presentation

These financial statements are stated in thousands of pesos, and were prepared in accordance with accounting disclosure and valuation standards contained in Technical Pronouncements issued by the Argentine Federation of Professional Councils in Economic Sciences (FACPCE), as approved by the Professional Council in Economic Sciences of the Autonomous City of Buenos Aires, and with CNV resolutions.

Furthermore, the provisions of ENARGAS Resolution No. 1660/00 (as amended by Resolution No. 1903/00) regulating certain valuation and disclosure criteria for the regulated natural gas transport and distribution activity have been applied. These criteria are similar to those established by professional accounting standards in force.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

2. Preparation of financial statements (continued)

c) Unification of accounting standards

Within the framework of the manifestation of consent agreement executed in July 2004 by the FACPCE and the CPCECABA, in August 2005 the latter adopted Resolution CD No. 93/05, by which the accounting standards approved by the FACPCE were applied, including the changes introduced to them until April 1, 2005.

These standards came into force for financial statements covering annual and interim periods of fiscal years commenced as from January 1, 2006. Furthermore, the CNV has adopted those standards with certain modifications, establishing their application for fiscal years commencing as from January 1, 2006.

The main modifications introduced by the accounting standard unification process to be considered by the Company are the following:

- As mentioned in Note 7, for the calculation of the deferred tax, TGN has opted to maintain the effect of the inflation adjustment on fixed assets as a permanent difference.
- For the purpose of determining an impairment of assets, the accounting standards in effect until the previous fiscal year required comparison of the carrying value of assets with the cash flows they would generate at nominal values.

The standards recently adopted require making this comparison with the cash flow at present values. This change of criterion has not impacted on these financial statements.

- In July 2006 the FACPCE issued an interpretation regarding the most appropriate technical criterion for valuing the minimum notional income tax credit, establishing its valuation at nominal value, and discontinuing the use of discounted values required by accounting standards in effect at that moment.

For purposes of its application, this interpretation granted the option to: (i) compute the balance at nominal value and recognize a prior year adjustment due to the effect of the change of criterion, or (ii) compute at nominal value only the tax accrued as from the date of publication of that interpretation, while the balance previously capitalized would be carried at its discounted value. TGN has exercised the first option and recognized the entire minimum notional income tax credit balance at its nominal value. The prior year gain adjustment recognized, net of its tax effect, amounted to \$ 10.0 million at December 31, 2005.

(d) Presentation of financial statements in constant Argentine Pesos

The financial statements have been prepared in constant currency recognizing the overall effects of inflation through August 31, 1995. Restatement of financial statements was discontinued from that date to December 31, 2001 because this was a period of monetary stability. From January 1, 2002 to March 1, 2003 the effects of inflation were recognized due to the existence of an inflationary period. As from that date, restatement of financial statements was discontinued again.

The criterion required by the CNV differs from that required by professional accounting standards in force, under which financial statements should have been restated until September 30, 2003. Nevertheless, at March 31, 2007 this deviation has not had a significant impact on the financial statements of TGN.

The rate used for restatement of items for the pertinent periods was the internal wholesale price index.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

2. Preparation of financial statements (Continued)

(e) Use of estimates (Continued)

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

The Company's Board of Directors makes estimates to be able to calculate at a given time the bad debt allowance, depreciation charges, the recoverable value of assets, the income tax charge and provisions for contingencies. Future actual results may differ from those estimates and assessments made at the date these financial statements were prepared.

The changes in the economic environment and the legal and regulatory framework in which the Company is currently operating and the current status of the renegotiation of the License affect management's estimates. There can be no assurance as to the future net cash inflows sufficient to recover the net book value of non-current assets.

(f) Reclassifications

The figures at December 31 and March 31, 2006 that are disclosed in these financial statements for comparative purposes arise from financial statements at those dates and include the impact of the prior year adjustment described in Notes 2.b) and 3.h).

Certain reclassifications of prior year information have been made to conform to the current period presentation.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

Below is a detail of the most important accounting standards and policies used by the Company in preparing these financial statements, which have been applied consistently with those of the previous year.

(a) Cash and banks

Cash and banks are stated at face value.

(b) Foreign currency assets and liabilities

Foreign currency assets and liabilities have been valued at period/year end exchange rates.

(c) Short-term investments

Time deposits and transactions guaranteed by the Stock Market are valued at their cost plus accrued interest at period-end. Mutual funds and money-market funds are carried at market value. Unrealized gains and losses on time deposits and mutual funds are included in Financial and holding results, net, in the statement of operations.

The Company has investments in certain government bonds. These bonds are carried at market value.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(d) Accounts receivable and Accounts payable

Trade receivables and accounts payable have been stated at nominal value. The values thus obtained do not differ significantly from those that would have been obtained if current accounting standards had been applied, which require those items to be valued at the cash price estimated at the transaction date plus interest and implicit financial components accrued at the internal rate of return determined at that time.

(e) Other credits and debt

Prepaid expenses and other receivables of a similar nature have been valued on the basis of the best estimate of the sum to be used, discounted at a rate reflecting the time value of money and the specific risks attaching to the transaction estimated at the date of their addition to assets. The deferred tax assets and liabilities and those derived from the tax on minimum notional income have been stated at nominal value.

Other sundry receivables and liabilities have been stated at nominal value plus financial results accrued at period/year end, where applicable. The values thus obtained do not differ significantly from those that would have been obtained if current accounting standards had been applied, which require those items to be valued based on the best estimate of the amount receivable and payable, respectively, discounted at a rate reflecting the time value of money and the specific risks attaching to the transaction estimated at the date of their addition to assets and liabilities, respectively.

(f) Investments

The Company has certain equity interests in unconsolidated companies, representing 49% of the capital stock in each entity. These investments have been accounted for at the equity method.

As of March 31, 2007, the investment in the Brazilian entity Companhia Operadora de Rio Grande do Sul (COPERG) was written down to zero since its original cost was deemed to be permanently impaired. COPERG was formed to provide operating and maintenance services to a planned pipeline extending from Uruguayana to Porto Alegre in Brazil. The construction of this pipeline has been delayed and there can be no assurance that it will actually take place. COPERG currently serves a small area close to the Argentina-Brazil border.

Management is not aware of any event or circumstances since the date of the respective investees financial statements that would modify or significantly affect their financial position or results of operations.

(g) Materials and spare parts, net

Materials and spare parts are stated at replacement cost. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective inventory. Materials and spare parts have been broken down into current and non-current on the basis of the estimated consumption plan approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Company has considered certain assumptions in the determination of its cash flow estimate projections to evaluate a potential impairment of its materials and spare part items. Based on these projections, the Company considered an impairment charge not to be necessary for its materials and spare parts.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(h) Fixed assets, net

Fixed assets received by GdE have been valued at their transfer price stated in the Transfer Agreement. The assets acquired or built after the takeover date have been valued at acquisition or construction cost, including the costs of materials, labor and overheads.

The Company has considered as elements forming part of the value of addition to assets of fixed assets the net costs of financing investment works with third parties' capital, the construction of which extends over time, until they are placed into service.

All amounts have been restated for inflation in accordance with applicable regulations (See Note 2.c) and are disclosed net of their accumulated depreciation.

Accounting and tax depreciation charges are calculated according to the straight line method at annual rates sufficient to extinguish the original values at the end of their useful lives. In determining the useful life, the ENARGAS regulations have been considered, among other parameters.

Furthermore, from 2005 to March 31, 2007 a pipeline relining campaign was carried out over a length of 143.2 km. In accordance with ENARGAS Resolutions Nos. 1660 and 1903, \$47.1 million were capitalized, becoming part of the Company's Essential Fixed Assets and, consequently, of its tariff base.

In this regard, the Company has considered certain assumptions in the determination of its cash flow estimate projections to evaluate a potential impairment of its fixed assets. Based on these projections, the Company considered an impairment charge not to be necessary for its fixed assets.

(i) Other assets-Gas stored

Gas stored in pipelines is stated at replacement value plus the average cost of transportation, which does not exceed its estimated realizable value.

(j) Debt

Debts have been valued on the basis of the best estimate of amounts payable, discounted at the internal return rate determined at the beginning of the transaction. These rates do not differ significantly from market rates which reflect the evaluation of the time value of money and specific risks attaching to those debts.

(k) Income tax

The Company has recognized the income tax charge according to the deferred tax method, thus considering the timing differences between measurements of accounting and taxable assets and liabilities. The main timing differences stem from the provisions for contingencies, bad debt allowance and materials and spare parts obsolescence allowance, and from the valuation and useful life of fixed assets.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(k) Income tax (Continued)

For purposes of determining the deferred assets and liabilities, the tax rate that is expected to be in force at the moment of their reversal or use has been applied to the timing differences identified and tax loss carry-forwards, under the legal regulations enacted at the date of issue of these financial statements.

As mentioned in Note 7, given that future years' taxable income is unlikely to absorb all accumulated tax losses, the Company has computed a partial impairment of value of that credit.

(1) Minimum presumed income tax (MPIT)

The Company is subject to a tax on minimum presumed income. This tax is supplementary to income tax. The tax is calculated by applying the effective tax rate of 1% on certain production assets valued according to the tax regulations in effect as of the end of each year/period. The Company's tax liabilities will be the higher of these two taxes. However, if the tax on minimum presumed income exceeds income tax during one fiscal year, such excess may be computed as a prepayment of any income tax excess over the tax on minimum presumed income that may arise in the next ten fiscal years.

The Company has determined an additional proportional charge for the three month period ended March 31, 2007, which, together with the prior years' charges, were deferred as "Other non-current receivables", and it has been estimated as recoverable based on the Company's tax projections and its legal expiration terms. According to Argentine GAAP, MPIT credits were nominal-valued. See Note 7 for details.

(m) Allowances and provisions

- Allowances for doubtful accounts and disputed amounts: set up on the basis of an individual analysis of the recoverability of the receivables portfolio.

- Allowances for slow-moving and obsolescence materials ans spare parts: set up to cover materials, spare parts and accessories that are not expected to be used in the future.

- Provision for contingencies: set up to cover possible payments claimed from the Company under lawsuits to which it is a defendant (Note 12).

(n) Shareholders' equity accounts

The account "Common stock" is shown at its historical nominal value. The difference between common stock stated in constant currency and the historical nominal capital stock is shown under "Inflation Adjustments of common capital", making up the shareholders' equity.

The voluntary reserve for future dividends and retained earnings (accumulated deficit) have been restated in accordance with the guidelines indicated in Note 2.c).

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(o) Profit and loss accounts

Statements of operation accounts have been stated in nominal currency except for: (i) charges for used assets (fixed assets depreciation and disposals), calculated according to the values of those assets; (ii) results from equity investments, calculated by the equity method of accounting and (iii) the use of inventories and the charge for obsolete and slow-moving spares and consumption materials determined based on the value of those assets.

(p) Revenue recognition

Firm transportation revenues are recognized based on the accrued contracted capacity reserved regardless of actual usage. For interruptible transportation service contracts, revenues are recognized upon the delivery of natural gas. For operating and maintenance service contracts, revenues are recognized when services are provided.

Subsequent to the enactment of Law 25561, the Company continued billing to certain customers based on the original contractual terms. However, these customers dispute the Company's understanding and "de facto" pay to the Company based on their own interpretation of how Law 25561 affected the original contracts. The Company recognizes an allowance for the difference between the billings and the payments as services are accrued. This allowance is shown as a direct reduction of revenues.

Decrees No. 292, 1520 and 814 of the Argentine Government provided for a reduction in certain social security benefits paid by companies. However, Resolution 234/95 of ENARGAS stated that gas transportation companies should pass this benefit through their customers via a reduction in their monthly billings. The benefits passed by the Company on to the customers have been disclosed under a net revenues line adjustement account.

Total gross revenue taxes are included in selling expenses for all periods indicated. Following ENARGAS resolutions, the effect of gross revenue tax rates are passed through the customers via an increase in the monthly billings for regulated services. Accordingly, the Company includes a separate charge in its invoices to customers for the amount of the gross revenue tax rates.

(q) Balances and transactions with related parties

Intercompany receivables and debts arising from sundry transactions have been valued according to the conditions agreed by the parties involved.

Also, TGN is to comply with a series of negative covenants under its current financial agreements. Restrictions on operations with related parties are described in Note 10.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

4. Breakdown of the main accounts

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
a) Accounts receivable, net		
Gas transportation services Billed		
Distributors	\$ 12,076 ş	17,379
Industrial	20,940	19,690
Generators	8,198	12,773
Unbilled	38,129	38,247
Subtotal	79,343	88,089
Other services		
Billed	882	2,420
Unbilled	1,318	924
Subtotal	2,200	3,344
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 16.d)	(8,375)	(8,386)
Allowance for disputed amounts (Note 16.d)	(13,192)	(9,454)
Total	59,976	73,593
b) Other receivables, net		
Current		
Gas transportation services		
Tax credits	1,825	1,519
VAT, net	-	1,821
Minimum notional income tax prepayment	-	1,847
Directors' and management fees (Note 5)	1,015	959
Advances to employees	278	213
Deposit in escrow	375	387
Prepaid expenses	7,784	13,141
Receivables from transactions on behalf of third	7,440	6 71 6
parties		6,716
Sundry	-	-
Subtotal	18,717	26,603
Other services		
Management fees - Gas Trust Program (Note 14)	18,685	13,738
Receivable with controlling shareholder (Note 5) \ldots	8	8
Receivables with equity investees (Note 5)	389	373
Other related parties (Note 5)	280	889
Sundry	6,348	3,614
Subtotal	25,710	18,622
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 16.d)	(2,156)	(1,643)
Total	\$ 42,271	\$ 43,582

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

4. Breakdown of the main accounts (Continued)

	March 31,	December 31,
	2007	2006
Non-current		
Gas transportation services		
Deferred tax asset, net (Note 7) $\dots $	79,619 ^{\$}	88,325
MPIT (Note 7)	74,101	70,717
Gross revenue tax withholdings	997	996
Prepaid expenses	-	-
Deposit in escrow and disputed tax payments	4,868	4,797
Guarantee depositsAllowance for deposit in escrow and disputed tax	410	-
payments (Note 16.d)	(4,868)	(4,797)
Subtotal	155,127	160,038
Other services		
Other related parties (Note 5)	-	-
Sundry	143	117
Subtotal	143	117
Total	155,270	160,155
c) Materials and spare parts		
Current		
Materials and spare parts	10,145	10,145
	10,145	10,145
Non-current =		
Materials and spare parts	79,125	79 , 900
Allowance for slow-moving and obsolescence (Note 16.d)	(45,652)	(44,364)
	33,473	35,536
d) Accounts payable		
Gas transportation services		
Suppliers	5,347	2,867
Others related parties (Note 5.i))	4,988	1,006
Unbilled services	13,699	17,758
	24,034	21,631
e) Taxes payable		
VAT, net	2,362	-
Gross revenue tax	1,030	4
MPIT	1,256	-
VAT withholdings	713	186
Income tax withholdings	2,300	334
Gross revenue tax withholdings	115	362
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Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

4. Breakdown of the main accounts (Continued)

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
f) Others Current		
Easements \$	6 252	\$ 5.828
Directors' and management fees (Note 5)	6,353 1,717	> 5,828 1,106
Others		161
	2,325	
Total	10,395	7,095
Non-current	0 426	0 426
Easements	8,436	8,436
Total \$	8,436	\$ 8,436
	March 31,	March 31,
	2007	2006
g) Net revenues		
Gas transportation services		
Gas transportation services \$	118,856	\$ 117,949
Discounts as per Decrees No. 292/1520/814 (Note 3.b).	(378)	(378)
Allowance for disputed amounts (Note 3.b)	9	288
Subtotal Gas transportation services	118,487	117,859
Pipeline O&M services	4,339	4,015
Management fees - Gas Trust Program (Note 14)	3,627	62
Subtotal other services	7,966	4,077
Total	126,453	121,936
h) Financial and holding results, net: Generated by assets: Bank commissions and expenses	(77)	(79)
Holding results Income (loss) on discounting of non-current and current	(612)	835
assets	(13)	62
Total Generated by liabilities:	(702)	818
Bank commissions, expenses and taxes on banking and financial operations Fees for guarantee of loan agreements (Note 5) Income (loss) on discounting of non-current and current liabities	(1,256) - (120)	(1,765) (845) -
Others	<u>3</u> (1,373)	(2,598)
=	(1,3,3)	
i) Other (expense) income, net		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets and other expenses	559	(816)
Recovery of contingencies	143	-
Donations	(31)	(1)
Total	671	(817)
j) Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and banks	7,496	3,143
Mutual funds in foreign currency	60,389	340,127
Time deposits in foreign financial institutions	-	134,956
Mutual funds in \$	33,375	35,420
Time deposits in local financial institutions	1,151	- 6 520
Stock exchange securities in \$ Cash and cash equivalents as shown in the statements of	4,764	6,520
cash flows\$	107,175	\$ 520,166

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

5. Balances and transactions with related parties

The Company has had transactions in the normal course of business with certain related parties. The following is a summary of the balances and transactions with related parties:

Balances with related parties

		March 31, 2007		December 31, 2006
Accounts receivable:	-		_	
Other	\$	252	\$	249
Other receivables:				
Current:				
Receivable with controlling shareholder (Note 4.b) \ldots		8		8
Receivables with equity investees (Note 4.b)		389		373
Other (Note 4.b)		280		889
Directors' and management fees (Note 4.b)		1,015		959
Accounts payable:				
Other related parties		4,988		1,006
Others:				
Directors' and management fees (Note 4.b) \ldots		1,717		1,106

Transactions with related parties

	March 31,	March 31,
	2007	2006
Controlling shareholder:		
Other income	\$ 6	\$ 6
Equity investees:		
Net revenues	14	-
Others:		
Net revenues	634	635
Cost of services	(4,273)	(2,716)
Financial and holding results, net (Note 4.h)	-	(845)
Others	667	-
Purchases of other assets	140	-
Directors' and management fees:		
Fees related to administrative tasks (Note 16.f)	(611)	(258)
Fees for professional services	(112)	(112)

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

6. Earnings per share

Below is a detail of outstanding ordinary shares and debt securities convertible into shares.

Denominator:	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006
Weighted average shares outstanding Diluted effect of potential common shares	439,373,939 -	351,499,185 13,335,679
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding, assuming conversion of potential common shares	439,373,939	364,834,864

At March 31, 2006 the Company held negotiable obligations convertible into shares, which have been redeemed under the loan restructuring process described in Note 10.

At March 31, 2007 there are no debt securities convertible into shares, so no diluted earnings per share have been disclosed.

7. Income tax and MPIT

The Company is subject to income tax, however no income tax provision has been recorded for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, as the Company has experienced net losses for income tax purposes.

Income tax benefit for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 consist of the following:

	March 31, 2007	_	March 31, 2006
Current tax expense	\$ -	\$	-
Deferred tax charge	 (8,706)		2,014
Income tax charge	\$ (8,706)	\$	2,014

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the guidelines of RT No. 17. prescribes the use of the liability method whereby deferred tax assets and liability account balances are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax based assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates.

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented below:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Deferred tax assets and liabilities:	_	
Short-term investments (valuation)\$	- \$	(44)
Accounts receivable	7,300	5,995
Other receivables	1,058	875
Fixed assets	(20,029)	(20,092)
Materials and spare parts	15,978	15,527
Other assets	(5,594)	(5,518)
Accounts payable	(27)	(69)
Expenses related to debt restructuring	9,952	10,532
Contingencies	35,423	34,303
Foreign currency exchange losses	-	-
Tax loss carry forwards	137,020	148,115
Valuation allowance	(101,675)	(101,675)
Others	213	376
Net deferred tax asset\$	79,619 \$	88,325

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

7. Income tax and MPIT (Continued)

Income tax charge for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 differed from the amounts computed by applying the Company's statutory income tax rate to pre-tax loss as a result of the following:

	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006
Net income (loss) before income tax \$	7,159 \$	(19,965)
Income tax rate	35%	35%
(Income) loss tax charge at statutory tax rate .	(2,506)	6,988
Permanent differences:		
Inflation adjustment	(4,836)	(4,902)
Effect of the issue of new shares as a result	-	
of the capitalization of debt		-
Donations and non-deductible expenses	(1,367)	(3)
Change in valuation allowance	-	-
Gain from equity investments, net	198	43
Adjustment of non-capitalizable interest	-	-
Others	(195)	(112)
Income (loss) tax charge \$	(8,706) \$	2,014

As of December 31, 2006, the Company had accumulated tax loss carry forwards of approximately \$ 438.6 million. These tax loss carry forwards expire at various times from 2007 through 2011.

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, the Company considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. Based on the foregoing, the current expiration period of tax loss carry forwards and due to the fact that the Company anticipates insufficient future taxable income over the periods in which the differences which created the deferred income tax assets are deductible, the ultimate realization of a significant portion of deferred income tax assets for income tax purposes is not considered more likely than not. As such, the Company has established a valuation allowance against a significant portion of its net deferred tax assets. The Company will continue to monitor the need for a change in the valuation allowance that has been provided.

As established by CNV regulations and professional accounting standards in effect in the Autonomous City of Buenos Aires as from the current year, the deferred tax assets and liabilities are stated at nominal values.

As discussed in Note 3.a), in August 2005, the CPCECABA issued Resolution CD N° 93/05 which provides for two approaches to the accounting treatment of differences between the tax basis and book basis of non-monetary items for deferred income tax calculation purposes, when companies prepare price-level restated financial statements.

In one approach, temporary differences are determined based on the difference between the price-level restated amount of assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements and the related tax basis amounts.

The other approach considers that differences between the tax basis and the related indexed amounts of fixed assets are permanent differences rather than being considered temporary.

Based on the foregoing, the Company has decided to continue treating the differences between the tax basis and price-level restated amounts of non-monetary assets and liabilities as permanent. The effect of the unrecognized deferred liability was \$ 392.4 million as of December 31, 2006 and would have been reversed over the term of 21 years (as from December 31, 2006).

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

7. Income tax and MPIT (Continued)

The Company has recorded tax credits in relation to the MPIT. These tax credits amount to \$ 70.7 million as of December 31, 2006. Taking into account that the expiration period extends at various times from the year 2012 through 2016, the Company considers its ultimate realization to be more likely than not based on current projections.

8. Segment information

RT No. 18 uses a management approach to report financial and descriptive information about a company's operating segments. Operating segments are revenueproducing components of the enterprise for which separate financial information is produced internally for management. Under this definition, the Company operates principally in two reportable segments by user of services: gas transportation services in the domestic market and gas transportation services for foreign consumers.

The tables below show statement of operations information by type of service provided. The "Other" column includes other ancillary services provided by the Company which are not significant to the total revenues, income and assets of the Company, i.e. operating and maintenance services and fees derived from the management and operation of gas trusts (see Note 14 for details):

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2007		Gas transportation services		Others	Total	
	_	Domestic	Exports			
Net revenues \$	\$	59 , 673	58,814	7 , 966	126,453	
Cost of services, administrative and selling						
expenses (before depreciation and amortization)		(38,232)	(7,775)	(3,710)	(49,717)	
Depreciation and amortization		(24,640)	(4,433)	(17)	(29,090)	
Other expenses		568	103	-	671	
Gain from equity investments, net		-		565	565	
			-			
Financial and holding results, net		(35,338)	(6,360)	(25)	(41,723)	
Gain on debt restructuring		-	-	-	-	
Income tax benefit		(7,374)	(1,327)	(5)	(8,706)	
Net income for the period \$	\$	(45,343)	39,022	4,774	(1,547)	

As of March 31, 2007	serv	-
AS OF MAICH SI, 2007	Domestic	Ex
Fixed assets, net \$	1,900,380	3
Accounts receivable, net	21,559	
Debt	1,057,747	1
Other net assets	187,548	
Shareholders' equity	1,051,740	2
Purchase of fixed assets \$	14,089	

services		Others	Total
Domestic	Exports		
\$ 1,900,380	341,934	1,346	2,243,660
21,559	36,470	1,947	59 , 976
1,057,747	190,319	750	1,248,816
187,548	33,746	133	221,427
1,051,740	221,831	2,676	1,276,247
\$ 14,089	2,535	9	16,633

Cae transportation

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2006	Gas transportation services		Others	Total
for the three month period chack hardh 51, 2000	Domestic	Exports		
Net revenues \$	55,952	61 , 907	4,077	121,936
Cost of services, administrative and selling				
expenses (before depreciation and amortization)	(32,568)	(4,651)	(1,821)	(39,040)
Depreciation and amortization	(24,604)	(3,516)	(28)	(28,148)
Other expenses	(653)	(164)	-	(817)
Gain from equity investments, net	-	-	124	124
Financial and holding results, net	(59 , 568)	(14,813)	(80)	(74,461)
Gain on debt restructuring	353	84	4	441
Income tax benefit	1,611	402	1	2,014
Net (loss) income for the year \$	(59,477)	39,249	2,277	(17,951)

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

8. Segment information (Continued)

As of December 31, 2006	Gas transportation services		Others	Total
	Domestic	Exports		
Fixed assets, net	\$ 1,911,804	343,989	1,355	2,257,148
Accounts receivable, net	37,306	32,943	3,344	73 , 593
Debt	1,043,301	187,720	739	1,231,760
Other net assets	151,454	27,251	108	178,813
Shareholders' equity	1,057,263	216,463	4,068	1,277,794
Purchase of fixed assets	\$ 50,800	9,140	36	59,976

9. Restricted assets

Certain restrictions with respect to Essential Assets

A substantial portion of the assets transferred by GdE (mainly pipelines, high-pressure branch lines, compressor plants and high-pressure control and measurement stations), has been defined in the License as "Essential Assets" for the performance of the licensed service. Pursuant to the License, the Company is required to segregate and maintain the Essential Assets, together with any future improvements, in accordance with certain standards defined in License. The Company may not, for any reason, dispose of, encumber, lease, sublease or lend Essential Assets for purposes other than the provision of the licensed service without ENARGAS' prior authorization.

As established in the new financial agreements held for the restructuring of the financial debt, TGN may not sell assets, unless certain conditions are met, as described in Note 10.

In May 1999, TGN brought legal action against the Undersecretariat of Patrimonial Regularization and General Notary of the Argentine Government, requesting the execution of a title deed to certain real estate property that was conveyed by GdE. The complaint is aimed at requesting the court to determine the time frame within which the defendants will have to execute the title deeds to the property transferred. It was also requested that, failing this, the hearing court should proceed to execute the title deeds. A lower court ruling unfavorable to TGN issued on May 27, 2005 was appealed by the Company before the Federal Court of Appeals on Administrative Litigation Matters.

On April 18, 2006, a ruling was issued in favor of TGN ordering the General Notary of the Argentine Government to grant TGN the title deeds to certain real estate property within the term of forty five days and also that within the term of sixty days, the Notary should report on the status of the registration of the other real estate properties included in the complaint filed by TGN.

In December 2006 the National State granted in favor of TGN seven title deeds corresponding to those buildings and another one in February 2007.

10. Debt

a) Default occurred prior to the restructuring of the financial debt and steps previously taken $% \left({{{\left[{{L_{\rm s}} \right]}}} \right)$

In view of the circumstances indicated in Note 1.b), as from 2002 the Company was forced to postpone the payment of certain financial obligations. At September 29, 2006, date of implementation of the debt exchange described in b), past due and outstanding loans amounted to US\$ 288.7 million (principal) and interest accrued on them to US\$ 109.8 million.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

10. Debt (Continued)

a) Default occurred prior to the restructuring of the financial debt and steps previously taken (Continued)

Considering the mentioned default situation, in order to avoid legal action that could complicate negotiations with the most important creditors, the Company resolved to cancel with a debt reduction, short-term bilateral debts it had with certain financial creditors. From December 2004 to January 2006 loans were settled by means of a \$ 55.2 million payment. The net result of that redemption was charged in the period to Gain on debt restructuring.

Furthermore, in July 2006 the Company allocated \$ 107.6 million (principal, interest and expenses included) to the partial redemption of Series A and B and to the full redemption of Series C and D of the Negotiable Obligations under the Global Program for US\$ 320 million . The net result of that redemption is approximately \$ 52.4 million and was charged to Gain on debt restructuring.

Within the Company's financial debt restructuring process, one of the most important steps consisted in agreeing with the holders of the CRIB's debt securities an exchange of their original holdings for new Negotiable Obligations issued directly by TGN, under the same terms and conditions as those of the CRIBs.

The Extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders held on January 26, 2006 authorized the issuance of ordinary secured US dollar-denominated Negotiable Obligations, non-convertible into shares for an amount of up to US\$ 175 million, which were exchanged for CRIB's debt securities. The CRIB's exchange offer expired on August 4, 2006, with 100% of creditors having accepted it.

The negotiable obligations succeeding the CRIBs did not originate funds for the Company because they were destined exclusively to the exchange for previous holdings of CRIBs.

The Company made quarterly partial payments of accrued interest July 2005. As part of the conditions agreed under the financial debt restructuring process, on July 31, 2006 TGN paid interest for US\$ 18.4 million accrued from August 2005 to July 2006. TGN has made all those interest payments applying the temporary maximum annual rate of 3.5% until the terms for interest payments are established in the financial restructuring agreement.

b) Terms and conditions of the restructuring of the financial debt

On August 3, 2006, TGN launched a public offer to exchange its financial debt in the process of being restructured. The period to accept the offer expired on August 31, 2006. The exchange offer was authorized by means of resolutions adopted by the Meetings of Shareholders held on January 26, 2006, March 16, 2006 (which was resumed on March 23, 2006) and July 6, 2006, and by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on June 7, 2006 and September 1, 2006.

On August 31, 2006, the expiration date of the exchange offer, creditors of 99.94% of the total debt subject to restructuring accepted the offer. Upon execution of the out-of-court reorganization agreement (APE) with the creditors accepting the offer, on September 29, 2006 TGN implemented the exchange through a private operation, without requesting approval from the court.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

10. Debt (Continued)

b) Terms and conditions of the restructuring of the financial debt (Continued)

This pro rata offer consisted of (i) a cash payment of up to US\$ 52.4 million , (ii) the delivery of up to 87,874,754 new Class C Common shares representative of 20% of the Company's Capital to be issued as a result of the capitalization of the US\$ 68.0 million financial debt, (iii) new ordinary non-convertible Class A negotiable obligations for up to US\$ 249,999,970, and (iv) new ordinary non-convertible Class B negotiable obligations denominated in US dollars for US\$ 203,630,111 (an amount equivalent to the principal due and interest accrued until December 31, 2004 on the debt being restructured, net of the cash payment and of the delivery of the new Class A negotiable obligations indicated in points (i) and (iii), respectively).

The amendment to the corporate by-laws in relation to the issuance of shares was approved by the ENARGAS on June 23, 2006. This amendment was registered with the Public Registry of Commerce on August 18, 2006. The public offering of the Negotiable Obligations under the exchange and Class C shares was authorized by CNV Resolution No. 15466 dated September 14, 2006.

The Negotiable Obligations to be exchanged and Class C shares have been issued within the framework of the restructuring of the Company's financial debt Consequently, TGN has not received cash for their issuance. The negotiable obligations and shares have been used to partially prepay the restructured debt.

On September 29, 2006, the Company repaid the principal on Series A negotiable obligations for US\$ 37.5 million, made interest payments for US\$ 23.8 million on the Series A and B negotiable obligations (net of partial interest it had paid from January 2005 to July 2006 at a rate of 3.5% of the exchanged debt), and made an additional payment in cash for US\$ 52.4 million plus interest for US\$ 3.6 million, totaling US\$ 117.3 million.

In this date, the net gain on the restructured debt exchange amounted to \$ 191.1 millions (including the waiver of the right to collect interest and penalty charges, the reversal of expenses related to the issuance of the Negotiable Obligations and the accrual of interest, commissions and expenses related whit the reestructuring) and has been charged to Gain on debt restructuring in the statements of operations.

The gain on the restructuring of loans for the year ended December 31, 2006 includes the following results:

	(Millions of \$)
Gain on debt exchange for new negotiable obligations and payment	
in cash	191.1
Gain on partial redemption of Series A and B and to the full	
redemption of Series C and D of the Negotiable Obligations under	
the Global Program for US\$ 320 million	52.4
Gain on repayment of other loans during the period	0.4
Gain on debt restructuring	243.9

As regards the debt exchange for Class C shares, the difference between the face value of those shares and the amount of debt repaid has been allocated to "Retained Earnings", in the statement of changes in shareholders' equity.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

10. Debt (Continued)

b) Terms and conditions of the restructuring of the financial debt (Continued)

The new negotiable obligations shall have the following characteristics:

	Ordinary non-convertible Class A negotiable obligations	Ordinary non-convertible Class B negotiable obligations
Amount	VN US\$ 250.0 millios	VN US\$ 203.6 million
Due date	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2012
Amortization	They be amortized: at 9% in 2005, 12% during 2006 and 2007, 13.5% in 2008 and 2009, 15% in 2010 and 2011, and 10% in 2012	In a one-off payment
Interest	They accrue interest at an annual rate of 6.0% during 2005, at 6.5% between 2006 and 2010, and at 7.5% during 2011 and 2012, payable quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year.	They acrue interest at an annual rate of 7.0% during 2005, 7.5% during 2006 y 2007, 8.0% during 2008 y 2009, 9.0% during 2010, 9.5% during 2011 y 10% during 2012, payable quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year.

Below is a description of the main negative covenants under the new financial agreements signed by the Company, the terms and conditions of which are detailed in the pertinent Offering Circular under the Negotiable Obligation issue program, which was published at the CNV on September 14, 2006.

(i) TGN shall use a portion of any excess cash either to mandatory prepayments or market purchase. The proceeds from any prepayment of principal shall be used first in proportion to the reduction of unpaid installments of the Series A negotiable obligations until their exhaustion and, upon redemption of the latter, to redeem Series B negotiable obligations.

Such excess cash is calculated semi-annually on the basis of the cash flow for the period and the computation of the cash balance at the end of the period. This cash shall be allocated to the redemption in advance or purchase of the negotiable obligations subject to the exchange, based on certain proportions defined in the contract, and then to the available basket amount.

The *available basket amount* is the amount in cash that TGN may use for certain purposes and is determined on the basis of the excess cash and certain ratios of cash flows for the period to total financial debt.

(ii) TGN may not sell assets, unless the sales price is at least equal to the fair market value of those assets or at least 75% of the sales price is collected in cash or cash equivalents. In addition, the proceeds from the sale of an asset are to be used for purchases and/or advance repayments of principal on the negotiable obligations under the exchange, unless the proceeds from those sales are reinvested in new assets within twelve months following the carrying out of the operation.

(iii) TGN may not make dividend payments if it has incurred in default or if any grounds for default exist or if such payment is in excess of the available basket amount in each calculation period.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

10. Debt (Continued)

b) Terms and conditions of the restructuring of the financial debt (Continued)

(iv) TGN may incur additional indebtedness for the following items: (a) for a total outstanding principal amount not exceeding US\$ 15 million at any time and such indebtedness shall be incurred to finance the Company's business activities; (b) letters of credit, bank acceptances and similar obligations issued in the normal course of business not as security for indebtedness; (c) voluntary refinancing; (d) project finance investment provided that when allocating such indebtedness and the net proceeds thereof, the debt/EBITDA ratio for the latest four fiscal quarters is equal to or lower than 3:1, and the proceeds shall be applied exclusively to the financing of investments in capital goods; (e) TGN's indebtedness that is subordinated to the prior and full payment of the negotiable obligations under the exchange for a total outstanding principal amount not in excess of US\$ 35 million; (f) hedge or exchange rate agreements not entered into for speculative purposes, which will be prudent or necessary to cover or manage the risk attaching to the negotiable obligations under the exchange settlement or payment of non-participating debt.

(v) TGN may incur capital expenditure for the following items: (a) nonprogrammed repair and maintenance of fixed assets or capital goods in case of emergency, taking into account the regulatory requirements, technical breakthroughs or improvements and environmental considerations; (b) maintenance for increasing amounts since 2006, except that if the amount of those investments in a given fiscal year is higher than the investment amount actually incurred, such difference may be added to the amount of permitted investments in maintenance only in the immediately following fiscal year; (c) development, purchase or construction, modification, expansion, enlargement and/or betterments of fixed assets or capital goods, except that such investments shall be made or paid by TGN only to the extent that they are financed or paid with customer advances; (d) investments financed with funds disbursed under permitted indebtedness or the proceeds from the issuance of shares; (e) investments relating to the purchase, construction, modification, development, expansion, enlargement and/or betterments of fixed assets or capital goods, provided that they are financed with the proceeds from the sale or any other type of disposal of fixed assets or capital goods; (f) investments in capital goods required by the Government with certain limitations.

(vi) The technical assistance fee (TAF) for each fiscal year may not exceed 4% of the EBITDA for that year, of which: (1) the amount the Company can pay in cash with funds not belonging to the Available Basket Amount may not exceed US\$ 3 million for the fiscal year, or US\$ 1 million for the fiscal year if an event of default or a ground for default has occurred and is continuing, and (2) all amounts in excess of the maximum established in clause (1) above shall be paid exclusively out of the Available Basket Amount. If in a given fiscal year TGN fails to pay the fees for technical assistance accrued for that fiscal year in full, the unpaid amount may be settled only during the immediately following fiscal year.

(vii) TGN may carry out transactions with related parties (such as purchase, sale, lease or exchange of goods or the providing of services, etc.) only to the extent that those transactions are arranged observing the arm's length principle.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

10. Debt (Continued)

b) Terms and conditions of the restructuring of the financial debt (Continued)

At March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the breakdown of the Company's loans is as follows:

	03.31.07	12.31.06
	Thousan	ds of \$
Current		
Ordinary non-convertible Class A	93,000	91,860
Creditors not accepting the exchange offer	1,882	1,818
Adjustement to arrive at present value	(795)	(524)
Total	94,087	93,154
Non Current		
Ordinary non-convertible Class A	519,250	512,885
Ordinary non-convertible Class B	631,253	623 , 515
Adjustement to arrive at present value	4,226	2,206
Total	1,154,729	1,138,606
Total	1,248,816	1,231,760

11. Shareholder's equity

(a) Common stock

Common stock transactions as from commencement of operations are summarized as follows:

			Registration in the Superintendency of Corporations							
Item	Date	thousands of Ś								
		Ť	Date	N°	Book	Volume				
Incorporation of the Company	11.24.92	12	1.12.92	11667	112	A				
Capitalizations of	12.28.92	267,255	7.03.94	1894	114	A				
irrevocable contributions: Issuance of new shares for	03.25.94	84,232	9.06.94	5589	115	A				
capitalized loans (Note 10)	09.29.06	87,875	08.18.06	13005	32	-				
Total		439,374								

(b) Limitation on the transferring of the Company's shares

Gasinvest, the controlling shareholder of the Company, and Gasinvest's shareholders, are restricted by the Pliego and the Transfer Agreement as to dispose of a portion of their interests in the Company and Gasinvest, respectively. Unless a prior regulatory approval from ENARGAS is obtained, Gasinvest is precluded from reducing its interest in the Company to less than 51%. Likewise, the shareholders of Gasinvest are precluded from reducing their interest in Gasinvest without prior regulatory approval. However, restrictions are not applicable where shares are transferred among related parties of each shareholder. ENARGAS may approve the transfer of shares provided that (i) the shares are transferred in whole but not in part, or the new acquirer purchases all of the outstanding Class A shares of common stock; (ii) the quality of the service is not affected; and (iii) the service operator, or a successor (as approved by ENARGAS) owns at least 10% of the outstanding shares of the new acquirer and enters into a technical assistance agreement.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

11. Shareholder's equity (Continued)

(c) Restriction on distribution of profits

The Company is subject to certain restrictions on the distribution of profits. Under the Argentine Commercial Law, the by-laws of the Company and rules and regulations of the CNV, a minimum of 5% of net income for the year calculated in accordance with Argentine GAAP must be appropriated by resolution of the shareholders to a legal reserve until such reserve reaches 20% of the outstanding capital (common stock plus inflation adjustment of common stock accounts). This legal reserve may be used only to absorb deficits.

Under the terms of the new financial agreements executed by the Company, TGN may make dividend payments only in accordance with the negative covenants described in Note 10.

(d) Voluntary reserves

In accordance with applicable laws and regulations, the shareholders meeting of the Company is allowed to appropriate a portion of the net income of the year to a voluntary reserve for the future distribution of dividend payments. This voluntary reserve may be used at that time dividends are declared and paid.

12. Contingencies

The Company is a party to several civil, taxes, commercial and labor proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of its business. Although there can be no assurance as to the ultimate disposition of these matters, it is the opinion of the Company's management based upon the information available at this time and consultation with external and internal legal counsel, that the expected outcome of these claims and legal actions, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations in excess of the reserves that the Company has established for an aggregate amount of \$ million to cover for potential losses under these claims. However, the actual outcome of these claims could differ from the estimated recorded amounts.

Following is a summary of the most significant claims and legal actions. At March 31, 2007 the allowance set up by the Company amounted to 96.3 million (Note 16.d).

(a) Gross Revenue Tax - Province of Salta

On April 26, 2002, the Tax Authority of the Province of Salta, Argentina, assessed the Company approximately \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million in additional taxes and interest, respectively, for the fiscal years 1996 through 2001 resulting from a tax audit for that period. Amounts have been assessed as of May 31, 2002. The tax authority determined the deficiency based on the market value of gas stored. After several administrative proceedings, on January 18, 2004, the Provincial Government issued Decree 118 which affirmed the tax authority assessment. Subsequently, the Company paid \$ 3.7 million including penalties and interest. The administrative authority hearing the case ruled in favor of TGN's position. Furthermore, TGN has challenged before the administrative agency the fine imposed by the Tax Authority, equivalent to 50% of the tax determined. Through Decree No. 2287 dated September 25, 2006, the Province of Salta dismissed an appeal lodged by TGN against a resolution of the Ministry of Finance imposing a fine in relation to this tax. TGN has decided to appeal that decision before a court of law. Considering that the outcome of this proceeding is uncertain and reserving the pertinent rights, the Company has been paying the accrued tax since April 2004.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

12. Contingencies (Continued)

(b) Las Mesitas accident

In October 1999, ENARGAS fined the Company \$5.6 million due to allegations that the Company improperly operated a parallel 16" gas pipeline causing a serious accident in Las Mesitas, Province of Salta, Argentina. The Company believes that the accident was an isolated event and was not related to the Company's operation of the pipeline. The Company believes that it operated the pipeline with due care and below the resistance levels approved based on information available at that time. After being notified of the administrative appeals lodged by TGN, in October 2002 the Ministry of Finance confirmed eleven of the fines imposed, for an accumulated amount of \$ 5.1 million. The Company appealed that resolution before a court, on which no ruling had been issued at the date of these financial statements.

(c) Rescission of firm gas transportation contract with AES Parana S.C.A.

In July 1999, AES Parana S.C.A. ("AESP") and the Company had entered into a firm gas transportation contract (the "AES-TGN Agreement"), whereby the Company committed to transport up to 1.81 MMm3/day of natural gas as from an agreed-upon date for a period of 20 years. The gas transportation rate set in the contract was the ENARGAS-regulated rate for Loma La Lata - Litoral zones and included an additional contribution equal to 5.6% of such regulated rate. The AESP-TGN Agreement required the Company to perform certain transportation capability expansion works to meet its obligations. In 2002, due to the political, social and economic crisis in Argentina that resulted in significant changes in general economic policies and regulations as well as specific changes in the energy sector (including pesification and freezing of rates), the Company proposed AESP to revise the existing terms of the contract due to the impossibility of performance under the current changes in legislation.

Since negotiations between AESP and the Company stalled in late 2002, the Company filed an action with ENARGAS in February 2003 seeking to rescind the AESP-TGN Agreement. That action, also sought injunctive relief for an unspecified time period. In May 2003, AESP filed a cross-action alleging that the Company negligently omitted to adopt the necessary measures to meet its obligations under the AESP-TGN Agreement.

In the alternative, TGN had previously called for a stay of the effects of the contract because of force majeure that prevented it from fulfilling its obligations arising under that contract. AES Paraná answered the complaint in May 2003, objecting to its prosecution.

In June 2006, as a result of a resolution previously issued by the ENARGAS calling upon TGN and AES Parana to carry out negotiations to establish the conditions for the continuity of the contract, both parties reached an agreement by which they will: (i) suspend the prosecution of their respective claims and (ii) rescind the firm transportation contract if AES Parana obtains the providing of the transportation service of at least 1.5 MM m3/d (minimum volume) before December 1, 2008.

Between December 2008 and December 2027, TGN will pay compensation equivalent to 36% of the Access and Use Charge ("AUC") applicable at each moment on the daily volume that remains available to AES after the required expansion works have been concluded, provided that such volume is not lower than the minimum volume. The AUC is equivalent to 63% of the current regulated rate, and has been defined as the monthly compensation per cubic meter of transport capacity per day that each carrier will pay TGN while the firm transportation service for access, use and supply of that capacity is provided.

At March 31, 2007, TGN adjusted the amount of the provision recorded for potential challenges from AES regarding the amount of that compensation.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

12. Contingencies (Continued)

(d) Municipal taxes

In July 2003, a municipality of the Province of Salta, Argentina, determined that the Company is liable for approximately \$4.6 million in municipal taxes and interest. This municipality also assessed \$3.3 million in fines due to alleged fraudulent conduct. The Company filed an appeal contending that the claim was erroneous as a matter of law, both as to liability and damages. That appeal, also sought injunctive relief. The case is still pending.

In February 2006, another municipality of the Province of Salta, Argentina, assessed the Company approximately \$34.8 million in municipal taxes, interest and expenses for the period January 1995-July 2005. The Company filed an appeal contending the claim. In March 2006, the Municipality reduced the amount claimed to \$ 14.0 million. The case is still pending.

(e) Tax assessments related to payments to note holders

In December 2004, the Company received notices from federal tax authorities of proposed adjustments to income tax and value added tax based on the amounts of interest paid to holders of the notes issued under the Negotiable Obligations Program pursuant to Law 23,576. The approximate proposed adjustment claims additional tax, including penalties and interest, of \$50.7 million and \$31.7 million for income tax and value added tax, respectively.

These claims resulted from a tax audit seeking to verify compliance of the requirements of Law 23,576 under which interest paid to note holders are entitled to certain tax benefits provided the requirements are fulfilled.

TGN has appealed the penalties imposed before the Fiscal Court of the Nation and in both cases, which are pending in separate dockets per tax the tax authority requested that the proceeding be suspended in order to analyze the evidence offered by TGN following Instruction No. 1/05 of that agency. This norm establishes the guidelines that the collecting agency must observe in order to apply Joint Resolutions Nos. 470 and 1738 of the CNV and the AFIP, respectively, which explain the criteria that must be followed to verify compliance with the placement of Negotiable Obligations through a public offering requirement.

The Company has consented to the time extensions requested by the National Tax Authority in the two lawsuits and at the date of these financial statements, no resolution had yet been issued.

(f) Tax assessment related to fixed asset useful life

In December 2005, the Company received notices from federal tax authorities asserting deficiencies in corporate income taxes for the Company's 1999 to 2002 tax years. The total additional tax, including penalties and interest, through December 2005, amounts to \$21.1 million. Tax authorities asserted that the Company underpaid income taxes through improper tax depreciation deductions. Tax authorities asserted that the tax depreciation should be 45 years representing the original term of the license plus the renewal period of 10 years. The Company believes that it properly reported its income tax in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The Company filed an appeal with the tax authorities on February 17, 2006 in response to that notice. The appeal is pending resolution.

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(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

12. Contingencies (Continued)

(g) Redirecting of the transportation capacity

In April 2006, the ENARGAS adopted two resolutions establishing: (i) the reassignment for the term of one year as from April 28, 2006 -renewable at the discretion of the ENARGAS- to the distributor GasNea and the sub-distributor Redengás of a firm transportation capacity volume equal to 0.268 MM m3/d (between May and September 2006) and 0.579 MM m3/d (between October 2006 and April 2007) which originally corresponded to the firm transportation contract entered into by and between TGN and YPF S.A. ("YPF") in 1998 for up to 2.8 MM m3/d to supply a power plant in Uruguayana, Brazil; (ii) that the rate payable by GasNea and Redengás to TGN for the reassigned volume is the peso rate as opposed to the US dollar rate applicable to the contract entered into by and between TGN and YPF; (iii) that GasNea and Redengás must pay TGN the peso rate for the capacity reassigned between April 29, 2004 and April 28, 2006, and (iv) obliging TGN to reimburse YPF for the proportional part of the transportation rate in US dollars collected by TGN from April 29, 2004 to April 28, 2006 for the reassigned volume. TGN requested that the two resolutions be reconsidered alleging their unlawfulness for violation of vested rights and requested a stay of their effects while the respective administrative appeals are pending. On October 4, 2006 as a precautionary measure the ENARGAS granted a stay for 30 business days of the retroactive effects of the two resolutions to allow TGN and YPF to reach an agreement. Another stay for thirty business days was granted on November 22, 2006. The Company continues to carry the US\$ 3.5 million allowance it had set up at year end for this item.

(h) Stamp duty - Salta- Operation and Maintenance Contract

Revenue Bureau of Salta Resolution No. 1649 dated November 7, 2006 confirmed an official assessment for \$ 181.9 million including compensatory interest calculated until November 30, 2006 and imposed a fine on TGN for twice the amount assessed for \$ 262.5 million because of alleged commission of tax fraud. TGN considers that the assessment made by the tax authority is excessive as it has resulted from serious calculation errors.

The instrument object of this assessment was the contract for the operation and maintenance of the expansion works under the Gas Trust Agreement entered into by TGN, the National State (Secretariat of Energy) and Nación Fideicomisos S.A. in December 2004, within the framework of the Basic Gas Infrastructure Investment Regime established by Decree No. 180/04 and (MPFIPyS) Resolution No. 185/04 (Note 14.a)).

On November 29, 2006 TGN lodged a special appeal before the Governor, although holding Nación Fideicomisos S.A. liable for the damage the Company could suffer as a result of this legal proceeding. It should be borne in mind that the operation and maintenance contract contains a provision, which is valid between the parties but ineffective as against the Tax Authority, pursuant to which the final liability for payment of stamp duty, where applicable, should fall exclusively on the Trust.

13. TGN financial trusts

On March 8, 2004, in accordance with ENARGAS Resolution 2877, the Company (as "Trustor") and HSBC Bank Argentina S.A. (as "Trustee") entered into a Trust Agreement. Under the Trust Agreement, the trusts can be funded by private and/or public placement of securities for up to a total amount of US\$ 50 million within a 5-year timeframe.

The Program envisages the possibility of financial trusts being set up for the issue of securities that are authorized for their public offering or not, so as to finance the expansion of the capacity of the Company's gas pipeline systems.

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(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

13. TGN financial trusts (Continued)

The Program also establishes that, at expiration of the trust, the enlarged assets shall be exclusively assigned to the Company only, free of charge or encumbrances. While the trust is in force, the Company shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of those assets.

On March 26, 2004, the TGN Serie 01 Trust was funded by the issuance of US\$ 7.5 million in principal amount of securities to private contributors, the proceeds from which were used to finance the expansion of transportation capacity of 303,000 m3/d contracted by Metrogas S.A. (a Chilean gas distribution company). The TGN Serie 01 Trust expires on the earlier of September 30, 2019 or when securities are repaid, whichever occurs first.

On April 16, 2004, the TGN Serie 02 Trust was funded by the issuance of US\$ 6.3 million in principal amount of securities to private contributors, the proceeds from which were used to finance the expansion of transportation capacity of 247,000 m3/d contracted by Colbun S.A. The TGN Serie 02 expires on the earlier of March 30, 2019 or when the securities are repaid, whichever occurs first.

Under the Trust Agreement, neither the Company nor the Trustee are liable with their own respective assets to pay, if principal and/or interest and/or taxes and expenses on the securities issued by the Trusts are dishonored. The holders of the securities will have no right to claim such difference from TGN or the Trustee and the limitation on TGN's liability as Technical Operator has been established in the contract.

The TGN Serie 01 Trust and the TGN Serie 02 Trust are not consolidated in the Company's financial statements.

The projects have been completed. At March 31, 2007 the investment amounts to \$ 29 million and its residual value is approximately \$ 26 million at that date.

14. FINANCIAL TRUSTS FOR EXPANSION ON THE LOCAL MARKET ORGANIZED BY THE ARGENTINE ENERGY SECRETARIAT

MPFIPyS Resolution No. 185/04, adopted under the aegis of Decree No. 180/04, provides for a Gas Trusts Program to be organized by the Energy Secretariat for the purpose of financing infrastructure works for the transportation and distribution of natural gas.

On April 26, 2006 the National Congress enacted a law vesting the PEN with the power to apply rate charges destined to finance expansions in the natural gas and electricity transport and distribution systems.

Trust for the 2005 Northern Gas Pipeline expansion work

Within the framework of Resolution No. 185/04, the Government requested the participation of TGN as licensee and of other companies as investors in order to undertake the expansion of the capacity of its system for the transportation of additional 1.8 MMm3/day of gas in the Northern Gas Pipeline. The principal in charge of the project, a local trust (the "trust") organized by the Energy Secretariat in December 2004 and administered by Nación Fideicomisos S.A., as trustee, entrusted TGN with the management of the Northern Gas Pipeline expansion works, for which the Company will receive 1% of the work amount before value added tax (approximately US\$ 1.5 million), and with its subsequent operation and maintenance.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

14. FINANCIAL TRUSTS FOR EXPANSION ON THE LOCAL MARKET ORGANIZED BY THE ARGENTINE ENERGY SECRETARIAT (Continued)

TGN contributed US\$ 8.4 million to the total cost of the works, which coincides with the net present value of the amounts receivable for the regulated (pesified) rate charged for the firm transportation services as a result of the incremental capacity until expiration of the License, taking into account the extension works operation and maintenance costs.

Expanded assets form part of the Gas Trust until it is liquidated, on which date, the Company has the option to have the ownership of the trust assets transferred to it.

As instructed by the ENARGAS through Note No. 3767, in July 2005 TGN began to bill certain customers for the "Gas Trust Charge" on behalf of the "Gas Trust - Extension of the Northern Gas Pipeline" and for its account.

Trust for the 2006-2008 expansion work

Pursuant to the same regulatory framework applicable to the above-mentioned expansion works, and again at the request of the Ministry of Energy, in September 2005, we called for a new open bid for capacity for the expansion of the Gasoductos Norte system. As a result of this call for bids, proposals were received for more than 15.2 MMm3/d.

The works will be performed under the trust regime established by MPFIPyS Resolution No. 185/04 for which purpose on December 6, 2006 the Company, the Energy Secretariat and Nación Fideicomisos S.A. entered into the Supplementary Financial Trust Agreement for the Northern Gas Pipeline Work and the Management Contract. The Operation and Maintenance Contract has not yet been entered into.

TGN will finance up to 34% of the price under the Management Contract through the receipt of trust securities, plus an additional 15% as part of the price, if the Financial Trust for the Northern Gas Pipeline Work does not have funds to pay the balance in cash. The assets arising from the expansion works under the trust agreement will form part of that trust until termination of the agreement. Upon termination of the trust agreement, the ownership of the assets will be transferred to whom it may concern, in accordance with current legislation.

The total fee to be collected by TGN during the term of the Management Contract will be 75.8 million (before value added tax). Until March 31, 2007 revenues for \$ 14.7 million had accrued in this regard.

ENARGAS Resolution No. 3689 established application of a new rate to certain customers effective January 1, 2007.

15. Subsequent events

Subsecuent to March 31, 2007, there have been no other events, situations or circumstances that have impacted or could impact significantly on the net worth, or economic and financial situation of the Company that have not been mentioned in these financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 presented in comparative form

(In thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

16. Other financial statement information

The accompanying tables present additional statement disclosures required under Argentine GAAP.

- (a) Fixed assets, net
- (b) Investments
- (c) Short-term investments
- (d) Allowances and provisions
- (e) Assets and liabilities in foreign currency(f) Cost of services, administrative and selling expenses
- (g) Aging of assets and liabilities

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(a) Fixed Assets, net

						03.31.2	2007						- 12.31.2006
		01		Depreciation									
Account	At the beginning of the year	Increases	Disposals	Transfers	At the end of the period	At the beginning of the year	For the	e period ammount	Disposals	Transfers	Accumulated at the end of the period	Net book value	Net book value
Land	3,275	-	-	-	3,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,275	3,275
Buildings and constructions	76,402	-	-	(20)	76,382	17,165	2	382	-	(3)	17,544	58,838	59,237
Installations and fixtures	2,067	-	-	-	2,067	473	4	20	-	-	493	1,574	1,594
Gas pipelines	2,018,091	-	(129)	226	2,018,188	524,505	3.33 and 2.22	13,954	(43)	92	538,508	1,479,680	1,493,586
Recoating (i)	37,702	-	-	9,402	47,104	1,041	5.88	524	-	-	1,565	45,539	36,661
High-pressure branch lines	620	-	-	-	620	209	3.33 and 2.22	1	-	-	213	407	411
Compressor Plants	817,749	-	(629)	(784)	816,336	294,668	4	10,706	(315)	(361)	304,698	511,638	523,081
High pressure control and/or measurement stations	66,728	_	-	-	66,728	28,552	5	905	-	-	29,457	37,271	38,176
Other technical installations	46,531	-	(1,097)	49	45,483	21,434	6.67	617	(480)	25	21,596	23,887	25,097
Machinery, equipment and tools	22,393	-	(140)	532	22,785	17,853	10, 20 and 50	332	(127)	166	18,224	4,561	4,540
Computer and telecommunications system	72,742	-	(143)	(26)	72,573	41,845	10 and 20		(143)	(27)	42,777	29,796	30,897
Vehicles	15,987	-	(2)	98	16,083	12,872	20	270	(2)	98	13,238	2,845	3,115
Furniture and fixtures	9,656	-	(2)	38	9,692	8,400	10	84	-	10	8,494	1,198	1,256
Assets held at third parties	7,571	-	-	-	7,571	5,373	12.5	190	-	-	5,563	2,008	2,198
Work in process	33,722	16,362	-	(9,167)	40,917	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,917	33,722
Advances to suppliers	302	271	-	(348)	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	225	302
Total as of 03.31.2007	3,231,538	16,633	(2,142)	_	3,246,029	974,390		29,090	(1.110)	-	1,002,370	2,243,659	-
Total as of 12.31.2006	3,183,490	59,976	(11,928)	-	3,231,538	867,117		113,551	(6,278)	-	974,390	-	2,257,148

(i) See Note 3.h.for details.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(b) Investments

	Book value				value	Information on the issuer							
							Principal activity		Lat	test finan	cial statem	nents	
Issuer	Class	Par value	Amount	Cost value	03.31.2007	12.31.2006		Date	Capital stock and capital adjustment	Other Reserves	Retained earnings	Shareholders' equity	% of direct holding
Non-current investments													
Comgas Andina S.A Companhia Operadora de	Common	(a) 1	490	246	6,746	6,181	Gas pipeline services	03.31.07	7	-	13,760	13,767	49.0
Rio Grande do Sul (Note 16.d and 3.f)	Common	(b) 1	49	0.1	150	131	Gas pipeline services	03.31.07	-	109	196	305	49.0
Impairment of investment.					(150)	(131)							
Total				246.1	6,746	6,181							
a.	Chilea	an Pesos											

b. Brazilian Reais

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(c) Short-term investments

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Mutual funds in foreign currency	\$ 60,389	\$ 2,869
Time deposits in foreign financial institutions .	-	-
Mutual funds in \$	33 , 375	11,655
Time deposits in local financial institutions	1,151	
Government bonds - Discount bond	1,627	2,381
Stock exchange securities in \$ and others	4,764	-
Total	\$ 101,306	\$ 16,905

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

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(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(d) Allowances and provisions

		03.31.	2007		12.31.2006	
	Balances at the beginning of the year	Net increases	Decreases	Balances at the end of the period	Balances at the end of the period	
Deducted from assets	2			-	-	
Current						
Allowance for doubtful accounts	8,386	(11)	-	8,375	8,386	
Allowance for disputed amounts and others	9,454	3,738	-	13,192	9,454	
Allowance for other receivables	1,643	513	-	2,156	1,643	
Subtotal	19,483	4,240	-	23,723	19,483	
Non Current Allowance for disputed tax payments and judicial						
escrow accounts	4,797	71	-	4,868	4,797	
Allowance for slow-moving and obsolescence Allowance for impairment of COPERG (Note 16.b	44,364	1,288	_	45,652	44,364	
and 3.f)	131	19	-	150	131	
Subtotal	49,292	1,378	-	50,670	49,292	
Total allowances deducted from assets	\$68,775	5,618	-	74,393	68,775	
Included in Liabilities						
Current						
Provision for contingencies	65,408	4,572	(50)	69,930	65,408	
Non Current						
Provision for contingencies	27,803	(1,391)	-	26,412	27,803	
Total provisions included in liabilities	93,211	3,181	(50)	96,342	93,211	
Total as of 03.31.2007	\$ 161,986	8,799	(50)	170,735	-	
Total as of 03.31.2006	\$ 138,189	28,149	(4,352)	_	161,986	

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(e) Assets and liabilities in foreign currency

		0	3.31.200	12.31.2006				
	Foreign currency class and amounts		Exchange rate		Amount in Thousands of \$	-		Amount in Thousands of \$
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and banks								
Cash	US\$	5	3.060	\$	14	US\$	4	\$ 12
Banks	US\$	923	3.060		2,824	US\$	5,549	16,769
					2,838			16,781
Short-term investments								
Mutual funds in foreign institutions	US\$	19 , 735	3.060		60,389	US\$	949	2,869
Time deposits in foreign institutions	US\$	-			-	US\$	-	-
Government bonds - Discount bonds	US\$	532	3.060		1,627	US\$	788	2,381
					62,016	_		5,250
Accounts receivable								
Gas transportation services	US\$	12,412	3.060		37 , 983	US\$	11,434	34,554
Other services	US\$	258	3.060		791	US\$	1,066	3,221
					38,774			37 , 775
Other receivables						_		
Prepaid expenses	US\$	1,100	3.060		3,367	US\$	1,793	5,418
					-	T.	83	506
Guarantee deposits					-	US\$	200	604
Prepaid expenses on behalf of third parties and								
others	RŚ	105	1.410		148	RŜ	105	142
	US\$	444	3.060		1,360		343	1,037
					4,875		- 10	7,707
Total current assets				Ś	108,503	_		\$ 67,513
				Ş	100,303	_		ې و 1,513

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(e) Assets and liabilities in foreign currency (Continued)

	03.31.2007					12.31.2006				
	curr	Foreign ency class 1 amounts	Exchange rate	9	Amount in Thousands of \$	Foreign currency class and amounts	1	Amount in Thousands of \$		
Non-current assets										
Other receivables										
Guarantee deposits	US\$	200	3.060		612 612	US\$		-		
Investments						-				
Comgas Andina (Note 16.b)	\$ch	1,152,150	0.005855	5	6,746	\$ ch 1,059,283		6,181		
					6,746	_		6,181		
Total non-current assets				\$	7,358	-	\$	6,181		
Total assets				\$	115,861	-	\$	73,694		
Liabilities										
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable										
Suppliers	US\$	813	3.100	\$	2,520	US\$ 314	\$	961		
Other related parties	US\$	750	3.100		2,325	_		-		
					4,845	_		961		

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(e) Assets and liabilities in foreign currency (Continued)

	03.31.2007						12.31.2006				
	Foreign currency class and amounts		Exchange rate		Amount in Thousands of \$	curre	Foreign ency class 1 amounts		Amount in Thousands of \$		
Loans				_							
Ordinary non-convertible Class A	US\$	30,000	3.100		93,000	US\$	30,000		91,860		
Creditors not accepting the exchange offer	US\$	607	3.100		1,882	US\$	594		1,818		
					94,882	_			93,678		
Customers' advances	US\$	49	3.100		151	US\$	49		149		
					151	_			149		
Total current liabilities				\$	99,878	- -		\$	94,788		
Non-current liabilities											
Loans											
Ordinary non-convertible Class A	US\$	167 , 500	3.100		519,250	US\$	167 , 500		512,885		
Ordinary non-convertible Class B	US\$	203,630	3.100		631 , 253	US\$	203,630		623,515		
					1,150,503	_			1,136,400		
Total non-current liabilities				\$	1,150,503	-		\$	1,136,400		
Total liabilities				\$	1,250,381	_		\$	1,231,188		
US\$: United States dollars \$ch : Chilean Pesos											

R\$: Brazilian Reais

£ : Pounds

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(f) Cost of services, administrative and selling expenses

		Cost of services Selling expenses								
	Total At 03.31.2007	[ransportation service	Other services	Total	Transportation service	Others services	Total	Administrative expenses	Investments in fixed assets	Total At 03.31.2006
Fees for Directory and the										
Committee of Syndics	611	-	-	-	-	-	-	611	-	258
Fees for professional services	1,134	240	156	396	40	-	40	690	8	1,193
Salaries, wages and other personnel										
benefits	11,180	6,286	942	7,228	170	-	170	3,624	158	10,002
Social security contributions	2,158	1,382	196	1,578	34	-	34	546	-	1,729
Fees for technical operator										
services	3,848	3,848	-	3,848	-	-	-	-	-	2,362
Inbound personnel expenses	423	423	-	423	-	-	-	-	-	353
Spare parts and materials	3,077	2,638	66	2,704	-	-	-	65	308	2,848
Gas imbalance	359	359	-	359	-	-	-	-	-	151
Third party services and supplies .	961	770	85	855	6	-	6	100	-	733
Maintenance and repair	11,467	4,520	1,412	5,932	-	-	-	290	5,245	4,943
Travel expenses	1,054	720	142	862	6	-	6	104	82	965
Freight and transportation	685	116	4	120	-	-	-	13	552	181
Communications	234	125	29	154	5	-	5	74	1	237
Insurance	1,550	1,451	2	1,453	-	-	-	97	-	1,345
Office supplies	343	97	29	126	3	-	3	213	1	248
Rentals	340	199	101	300	1	-	1	8	31	272
Easements	1,376	1,376	-	1,376	-	-	-	-	-	1,350
Taxes, rates and contributions	6,363	139	3	142	3,562	537	4,099	2,122	-	4,889
Fixed assets depreciation	29,090	28,666	17	28,683	58	-	58	349	-	28,148
Fixed assets expenses	899	4	-	4	-	-	-	_	895	638
Allowance for doubtful accounts	4,249	-	-	-	4,249	-	4,249	-	-	872
Provision for contingencies	3,252	-	-	-	133	-	133	3,119	-	5,205
Allowance for slow-moving and										
obsolescence	1,288	1,288	-	1,288	-	-	-	_	-	(629)
Others	147	42	4	46	1	-	1	100		313
Total at 03.31.2007	86,088	54,689	3,188	57,877	8,268	537	8,805	12,125	7,281	-
Total at 03.31.2006		48,288	1,708	49,996	4,779	147	4,926	12,266	1,418	68,606
	-						•		•	·

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands of Argentine Pesos, except per share amounts)

16. Other financial statement information (Continued)

(g) Aging of assets and liabilities

		03.31.2	2007	
-	Short-term investments	Account receivables and other receivables (a)	Debt	Other liabilities (b)
a) Past due Until 03.31.2006 06.30.2006 09.30.2006 12.31.2006 03.31.2007	- - - -	15,281 794 2,154 5,010 12,067	1,645 12 25 30 29	- - - - - -
b) Without due date	101,306	81,964	3,572	11
<pre>c) To be due 06.30.2007 09.30.2007 12.31.2007 03.31.2008 03.31.2019 03.31.2010 03.31.2011 03.31.2012 03.31.2013</pre>	- - - - - - - -	81,117 6,633 526 43 5,980 74,126 3 410 -	46,500 - 104,625 104,625 116,250 116,250 708,753	40,212 8,163 - 2,820 8,436 - - -
Total at 03.31.2007	101,306	286,108	1,248,816	59,642
a) Balances subject to adjustmentb) Balances not subject to adjustment	94,915 6,391	3,064 283,044	_ 1,248,816	- 59,642
Total at 03.31.2007	101,306	286,108	1,248,816	59,642
 a) Interest bearing balances b) Non -interest bearing balances 	5,611 95,695	97 286,011	1,245,244 3,572	2,640 57,002
- Total at 03.31.2007	101,306	286,108	1,248,816	59,642

(a) Excludes allowances.

(b) Excludes debt and contingencies.

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Transportadora de Gas del Norte S.A.:

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of Transportadora de Gas del Norte S.A. as of March 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, of changes in shareholders equity and of cash flows for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Argentina. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Argentina, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The changes introduced by the Argentine Government to the rules and regulations of the energy sector regime and the energy supply-and-demand crisis have materially affected the Company's business. In addition, the Argentine Government is in the process of renegotiating the terms of the contracts with the Company regarding rates and investment commitments. The Company cannot give assurance that these transactions will be completed on terms that are acceptable to it or at all.

As discussed in Note 1.(c), the Public Emergency Law authorizes the Argentine Government to renegotiate the contracts and rates with the privatized companies, including gas transportation companies. Taking into account that there can be no assurance as to the outcome of these renegotiations, there is uncertainty as to the future net cash inflows sufficient to recover the net book value of non-current assets aggregating \$2,431 million.

Our Limited Review Report at March 31, 2006, dated May 9, 2006, included the observations mentioned in the third and fourth preceding paragraphs and observations related to:

- a. uncertainty as to the outcome of the renegotiations with its financial creditors and the ability to continue as a going concern due to these circumstances. These situations evolved in favor of the Company's interests, as mentioned in Note 10.
- b. the departure from professional accounting standards in connection with the classification of the debt mentioned in the previous paragraph as current and non-current in accordance with the original contract terms.
- c. uncertainty as to the outcome of several legal and contractual claims. This situation evolved in favor of the Company's interests, as mentioned in Note 12.(c).

We previously audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Argentina, the balance sheet as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of operations, of changes in shareholders equity and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated March 6, 2007, we expressed a qualified opinion on those financial statements related to the circumstances mentioned in the third and fourth preceding paragraphs of this report. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying balance sheet as of December 31, 2006, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Based on our review, we report that the financial statements of TGN at March 31, 2007 detailed in paragraph 1., prepared in accordance with accepted accounting principles in Argentina, consider all significant facts and circumstances of which we are aware, and we have no observations to make on them other than those mentioned in third and fourth preceding paragraphs of this report;

As part of our examination, we have read the Summary of Activities, on which, as regards those matters that are within our competence, we have no observations to make other than those mentioned in third, fourth and fifth (point b) preceding paragraphs of this report.

Autonomous City of Buenos Aires, May 8, 2007

PRICE WATERHOUSE & Co. S.R.L.

By (Partner) Daniel A. López Lado